Alliant International University

2020 Annual Campus Safety and Security Report

Alliant International University – Updated June 2021

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The University

Alliant International University is a private, independent University with campus locations in six California cities — Fresno, Irvine, Los Angeles, Sacramento, San Diego, and San Francisco. The University's mission includes a strong commitment to providing students with global understanding and a multicultural perspective, through both its formal curricula and the experiences of studying, working and living cooperatively in a racially, ethnically, and culturally diverse environment.

Introduction

Alliant International University ("University") is providing the following information to all current and prospective students and employees as part of the University's commitment to safety and security pursuant to the requirements of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act ("Clery Act") and the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 ("VAWA"), which added Campus SaVE Act provisions. VAWA amended the Clery Act, requiring institutions to compile statistics for incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and to include certain policies, procedures, and programs pertaining to these incidents in their annual security reports. Effective July 1, 2015, the U.S. Department of Education published final regulations implementing the changes to the Clery Act by VAWA.

Prior to July 1, 2015, in accordance with the Department's Dear Colleague Letter GEN 14---13 dated July 14, 2014, the Department required institutions to make a "good---faith effort to comply with the statutory provisions as written" until the effective date of the final regulations.

This report details campus policies on reporting criminal actions and other emergencies, security and access to campus facilities, campus crime prevention programs, policies on the possession, use, and sale of alcoholic beverages and illegal drugs, drug and alcohol abuse programs, sexual assault prevention programming, policies and procedures related to sexual and gender-based misconduct, incidents of hate violence, and crime statistics.

Preparation of Report

The report was prepared with inputs from the following Alliant University departments: The Public Safety office at the San Diego campus, Human Resources, and Student Services and Facilities departments at each campus.

Campus crime, arrest, and referral statistics include those reported to Campus Public Safety, designated Campus Security Authorities, and local law enforcement agencies.

This report is compiled annually under the direction of the Vice President of Student Affairs and the Chief Compliance Officer, who are responsible for obtaining crime reports from Campus Security Authorities, checking the accuracy of reports, and reconciling statistics to assure proper categorization and to avoid double counting. For questions about any of the information provided in this report, please contact the Vice President of Student Affairs, Amber Eckert, at 858-635-4535 or amber.eckert@alliant.edu.

Security and safety information is updated annually and provided to all students, employees, and applicants for admission. Additional detailed information on campus security and safety is distributed to all students and employees in the Alliant International University Academic Catalog and the Alliant Student Portal and Alliant Employee Intranet (employees only). Campuses will provide the most timely and specific information possible and will work to answer all questions raised by students, faculty, and staff.

By October 1 of each year, campus crime statistics are reported and distributed to the campus community. They are collected in July and August by the Campus Security Official, prepared for the annual campus security report and are transmitted electronically to the Department of Education. Thus,

they are always available to the community at large. The following is the Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report for Alliant's Fresno, Hong Kong, Irvine, Los Angeles, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco and Tokyo campuses. The Security and Fire Safety Reports for all Alliant campuses may be obtained after October 1, 2020 through the Vice President of Student Affairs at (858) 635-4535, and may be viewed at https://www.alliant.edu/consumer-information/fire-safety-reports/.

Crime Log

The Public Safety office and/or Campus Director maintains crime logs documenting any criminal incident or alleged criminal incident that occurs on the campus, on public property within or immediately adjacent to and is accessible from the campus and is reported to Campus Security Authorities. These logs extend beyond Clery Act crimes. This information is available for public inspection, upon request, during normal business hours. Information in the crime log includes the following: the nature of the crime, the date and time the crime occurred, a general location of the crime, the case number, and any known disposition of the complaint.

Entries will be made within two business days of the report of the information, unless the disclosure is prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim. If new information about an entry into a log becomes available to the Public Safety office and/or Campus Director, then the new information shall be recorded in the log not later than two business days after the information becomes available to the Public Safety office and/or Campus Director.

The University may withhold Crime Log information if there is clear and convincing evidence that releasing it would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or safety of the individual, cause the suspect to flee or evade detection, or result in the destruction of evidence. The University will disclose any withheld information once the adverse effect is no longer likely to occur.

Any portion of the logs older than 60 days will be made available within two business days of a request for public inspection. The University reserves the right to maintainthe privacy of both the victim and the accused in any of these situations except as may be required by law.

Campus Security Authorities

Safety at Alliant is everybody's business. Students, staff, and faculty are partners in creating an atmosphere that is safe and encourages learning. The University takes many precautions for safety and expects that students, faculty, and staff will do the same.

A student, faculty, or staff member who has been the victim of a crime on or around school premises should report the incident to a Campus Security Authority and appropriate law enforcement agencies as soon as possible.

Campus Security Authorities are defined by the Clery Act as:

- A campus police department or a campus security department of an institution.
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security department (e.g., an individual who is responsible for monitoring the entrance into institutional property).
- Any individual or organization specified in an institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
- An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings. An official is defined as any person who has the authority and the duty to take action or respond to particular issues on behalf of the institution.

Campus Security Authorities at Alliant include the Public Safety Department (San Diego campus) and certain University Officials detailed below.

All Campus Security Authorities including Public Safety officers are not law enforcement officials and do not have arrest authority; therefore, all crimes reported to the CampusSecurity Authorities will be reported to local police authorities. Once a crime is reported, the institution will note that in the crime log within two (2) days.

The University works closely with the Fresno, Hong Kong, Irvine, Los Angeles, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, and Tokyo Police Departments and refers criminal incidents to local authorities who have jurisdiction on campus.

Memorandum of Understanding

The University is entering into a formal Memorandum of Understanding with the following law enforcement agencies, which define and details operational authority pursuant to the Kristen Smart Campus Safety Act of 1998, Education Code SB 1729:

San Diego Campus – San Diego Police Department
Irvine Campus – Irvine Police Department
Los Angeles/Alhambra Campus – Alhambra Police Department
Fresno Campus – Fresno Police Department
Sacramento Campus – Sacramento Police Department
San Francisco Bay Area Campus – Emeryville Police Department

The Memorandum of Understanding between the University and each respective law enforcement agency establishes policy and guidelines on matters of mutual concern regarding law enforcement on the University campus, including the uniform reporting of criminal activity, and designates the University's Campus Director as liaisons for all matters involving the respective law enforcement agency with respect to crime reporting and criminal investigations.

San Diego Public Safety Department

The University Public Safety Department is on duty at the San Diego Campus 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year. University Public Safety officers are empowered to enforce University security provisions and have received public safety training. University Public Safety officers have the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine whether individuals have lawful business at the University. In addition, they have the authority to issue parking tickets for parking violations on University property. The officers carry a baton and pepper spray.

University Public Safety officers respond to all reported security and safety issues as promptly as possible and if the officer or complainant requires local police assistance, the Public Safety Department notifies the City of San Diego Police Department. Campus public safety officers have no formal arrest authority. City, county, or state law enforcement officers make arrests, if necessary. Public Safety personnel will cooperate with all federal, state, and local police agencies in all investigations and law enforcement.

Private Security

In Fresno, Irvine, Hong Kong, Los Angeles, Sacramento, San Francisco and Tokyo, Alliant utilizes private security companies to ensure the safety of our students, faculty, staff and campus guests.

Alliant Designated Campus Security Authorities

While crimes or incidents may be reported to any Campus Security Authority, Alliant has designated the following Campus Security Authorities as those who collect crime report information from all campus security authorities and maintain campus crime logs. Alliant encourages our students, faculty, staff and campus guests to contact these designees at the following phone numbers and locations for reporting crimes or incidents:

Alliant-San Diego

Public Safety Officers
Phone: (858) 635-4444
Address: 10455 Pomerado Rd., San Diego, CA 92131
Additional contact: Campus Director – Jose Hernandez
Phone: (858) 635-4024

Alliant-Fresno

Campus Director – Gabriel Prendez
Phone: (559) 253-2227
Address: 5130 E. Clinton Way Fresno, CA 93727

Alliant Hong Kong – TSTE

Site Administrator–Candy Wong
Phone: 3442 5437
Address: UG202, UG301, China Chem Golden Plaza,77 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon

Alliant-Irvine

Campus Director – Nicole Camaras
Phone: (949) 812-7464
Address: Jamboree Business Center, 2855 Michelle Drive, Suite 300, Irvine, CA 92606

Alliant - Los Angeles/Alhambra

Director of Campus Services - Stephanie Byers-Bell

Phone: (626) 270-3304

Address: 1000 South Fremont Avenue, Room 7139, Alhambra, CA 91803-8835

Alliant-Sacramento

Campus Director - Kimberly Gardner

Phone: (916) 565-3204

Address: 2030 West El Camino Ave., Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833

Alliant-San Francisco Bay Area

Campus Director –Julie

Cosenza

Phone: (415) 955-2163

Address: 1475 66th St STE 104, Emeryville, CA 94608

Alliant Tokyo

Program Director/Campus Director - Dr. Nahoko Nishizawa

Phone: 011-81-3-5298-6172

Address: 6-14-3 Soto Kanda, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo, Japan 101-0021

Responsibilities of Campus Security Authorities

Campus Security Authorities are responsible for reporting allegations of Clery Act crimes that they receive to Campus Directors. Campus Security Authorities are not responsible for investigations reporting incidents that are not reported or that they learn about in an otherwise indirect manner. They are not responsible for determining authoritatively if a crime took place.

Reporting Crimes and Emergencies

It is important for students, as well as other members of the campus community, to take responsibility for their own safety and well- being. The University strongly encourages students to take steps to ensure the safety and security of their belongings, themselves, and others by engaging in the accurate and prompt reporting of all crimes to Campus Security Authorities and the appropriate police agencies. If a victim is unable to make a report, others in the University community are encouraged to do so on their behalf.

How to Report a Crime, Emergency Situation or Violation of Alliant Policies

1. If the crime or emergency situation appears to be immediately life or public safety threatening, call the police directly at 911. Otherwise, contact a designated Campus Security Authority at your campus.
2. Provide Public Safety, a Campus Security Authority and/or police a clear and distinct description of the incident, who was involved, where it took place, when it took place and, if you know, how or why it occurred. Be as specific as possible and, if possible, give your own name and those of other witnesses.
3. All Alliant employees who are told about the commission or probable commission of one of the serious crimes outlined in the statistics section of this Annual Report must report specific information to the Public Safety Department or to the Campus Director.
4. You may request to remain anonymous when reporting a crime, but confidentiality is not guaranteed.
5. Reports concerning campus crimes become part of the official crime statistics for Alliant which are then published in accordance with the Campus Security Act by the Vice President of Student Affairs in coordination with the University's Public Safety Department.

In situations where the University receives a report of a non-criminal act of hate violence, it will require any written record of a noncriminal act of hate violence to include, but not be limited to, the following:

- A description of the act of hate violence
- Victim characteristics
- Offender characteristics, if known

Confidential Reporting Procedures

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action, you can still make a confidential report to the school. The University can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. In such circumstances, crime victims are encouraged to make a confidential report to one of the designated Campus Security Authorities. At a minimum, crime victims can receive counseling and referral information. Confidential reports help serve the future safety of our campus communities.

Pursuant to California Education Code section 67380(a)(6)(A), Campus Security Authorities who receive reports from employees or students of a violent crime, sexual assault or hate crime (as defined by Section 422.55 of the Penal Code, Part I) that occurred in an on or non-campus location as defined by the Clery Act, may not disclose to local law enforcement agencies the names of the victims or the alleged assailant, unless the victim consents to disclosing their name after being informed of their right to have their personally identifying information withheld. The name of the alleged assailant may be disclosed, however, if all of the following conditions are met:

i. The alleged assailant represents a serious or ongoing threat to the safety of students, employees, or the institution; and

ii. The immediate assistance of the local law enforcement agency is necessary to contact or detain the alleged assailant.

The University neither employs professional counselors or pastoral (faith- based) counselors for use by students, faculty or staff nor follows a policy that encourages pastoral counselors and professional counselors to inform the persons whom they are counseling to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. Prior to May 2017, the University employed professional counselors at the Counseling and Psychological Support Center and did utilize a policy that encouraged to inform the persons whom they are counseling to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Alliant does not recognize any student organizations with non-campus housing facilities, nor does it monitor and record through local police criminal activity by students at non-campus locations of student organizations.

Timely Warnings and Emergency Notifications

During a significant emergency or dangerous set of circumstances involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students, faculty, or employees on campus, the University will use without delay its Alliant Emergency Communication System (AECS) to inform members of the University community, as well as provide other notifications, such as telephone calls, building alarms, or both. Through the AECS, notifications are sent by email to any outside email address or by text message to a cell phone. Students are automatically registered for the AECS, although information regarding opting out is available in the Alliant student portal and Student Services office. All faculty and staff of Alliant should regularly update personal emergency contact information at the Emergency Contact Update link on the Alliant portal.

The University Executive Leadership Team is responsible for confirming if an emergency or dangerous situation exists, determining the level of emergency on campus, and whether circumstances warrant the use of the AECS. In this vein, the University will take into account the safety of the campus community and determine whether issuing a notification would (in their professional judgment) compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

If events warrant an emergency notification, the Vice President of Student Affairs (or designee) will develop the content of the communication, determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community to receive a notification, including the withholding as confidential the names and other identifying information of victims; and initiate the use of the AECS. Upon receiving information that an emergency exists, the Vice President for Student Affairs (or designee), the Director of Facilities, and Campus Director or designee has the authority to send out emergency messages to each Alliant campus location.

If necessary, notification will also be sent to the local community through press releases, or social media, or both.

Timely Warning Reports to the Campus Community

Timely Warning Reports regarding campus crimes or incidents will be published on short notice if there is a threat or continuing danger to the Alliant community.

Timely warnings are issued on a case-by-case basis for Clery Act crimes or other serious incidents reported to campus security authorities or local police agencies and that pose “serious and ongoing threats” to students and employees on campus or in the immediate campus community. In deciding whether to issue a timely warning, the University considers all the facts surrounding the incident such as the nature of the crime, the continuing danger to the campus community, and the possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts. Incidents that may result in issuing a timely warning include the following Clery Act crimes:

- Murder
- Non-Negligent Manslaughter
- Manslaughter by Negligence
- Sexual Assault
- Hate crimes
- Robbery
- Aggravated Assault
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Arson

If any crime in the reported categories is reported to a Campus Security Authority, or to local police officials, and is considered to be a continued threat to the community, the University will report this information to students in a timely manner. The person responsible for reporting these types of threat possibilities is the Vice President of Student Affairs (or designee).

Warnings may be distributed in several ways, including posting on Alliant's intranet, by email, orally, through signage, via the Alliant Emergency Communication System (AECS) or other appropriate means.

The Timely Warning must include information with sufficient specificity to allow recipients to take an appropriate response and to potentially aid in the prevention of similar crimes.

A Campus Timely Warning will include:

- Title of the crime reported;
- Date and time the Campus Timely Warning was released;
- Accurate date, time and location of the incident;
- A succinct description of the incident;
- Tips for maintaining personal safety; and
- A request for information and where to direct information.

A Campus Timely Warning may also include:

- Physical description of the suspect, if known;
- Information about possible connection to previous incidents;

The following chart identifies the differences between emergency notifications and timely warnings:

	Emergency Notifications	**Timely Warnings**
Scope?	Significant emergency or dangerous situation	Clery crimes reported to CSA's
Triggered By?	Event that is currently occurring on or imminently threatening campus	Crimes that occurred and represent an ongoing threat
Where Event Occurs?	Only on Campus	Anywhere on Clery Geography
How Soon to Issue?	Immediately upon confirmation of situation	As soon as information is available

Alliant Emergency Communication System

In addition to Alliant Emergency Communication System, the campus has additional methods and processes to distribute emergency information:

- Email
- Voicemail
- Telephone trees/Emergency Cell Phones
- Internet website/Campus homepage

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Alliant University conducts various emergency evacuation and response drills on an annual basis including field exercises and emergency notification systems tests. These drills may be scheduled and announced or unannounced. These exercises are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the University.

During the drill, occupants practice drill procedures and familiarize themselves with the location of exits, the evacuation route, designated assembly locations and the sound of the fire alarm. Students, faculty, and staff receive advance notice, including date and time of the evacuation drills. In conjunction with scheduled drills, the University sends an email notification regarding the drill, which includes information on the evacuation procedures.

Drills are coordinated through the department of Public Safety/Facilities Management for Alliant buildings, who also maintain the documentation of the evacuation and response drills and any noted areas of future improvement. In addition to educating the occupants of each building about the evacuation procedures during the drills, the process also provides the University an opportunity to test the operation of the fire alarm system components, or any other tool used during emergency situations.

For each drill, the University documents a description of the drill, the date and time of the drill, and whether it was announced or unannounced. Recommendations for improvements are also submitted to the appropriate department/offices for consideration.

Alliant University maintains a campus safety and emergency plan that describes the availability and location of security personnel, methods for summoning assistance of security personnel, any special safeguards that have been established for particular facilities or activities, any actions taken in the preceding 18 months to increase safety, and any changes in safety precautions expected to be made during the next 24 months. The Emergency Plan for each campus on the Public Safety page within the Alliant student portal and is also accessible to employees on the Alliant Employee SharePoint resource.

The following guidance regarding campus evacuations was provided to the University community via the Emergency Plan for each campus on the Alliant student portal:

Means of escape should be made by the quickest and safest routes. Staff and students should be made aware of the escape routes available from buildings in which they work, study or reside, including alternative routes not normal used. Safety of life must take precedence over the saving of property. However, attacking a fire may in some cases control it and thereby assist in the escape of other persons.

All doors and escape routes from rooms or buildings, which afford a means of escape from the room or building, even though not regularly used, must at all times that the room or building is occupied, be unlocked and available for emergency exit in case of an emergency. Such doors and escape routes must be kept free from obstruction to their full width, to enable their use by the occupants of the buildings.

- Make your way out of the building—use the safest and quickest route (use the stairs….**do not use the elevator).**
- **Do Not Panic** or make unnecessary noise.
- **Do Not Run or Push** past other persons.
- Check to see that everyone is out of the buildings (help those who are physically impaired).

Campus Security Features and Safety, Security, and Crime Prevention Awareness Programs

Alliant University informs students, faculty, and staff throughout the year regarding various programs and opportunities to learn about campus security procedures and practices. These presentations cover topics such as sexual assault, travel safety, stalking, protecting possessions, and identity theft. A common theme of all awareness and crime prevention programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of the shared responsibility for the safety and security of the University community. This message is promoted to students and employees verbally and visually by using various technologies such as videos, PowerPoint presentations, crime prevention awareness materials, security alert bulletins, and safety awareness articles.

Crime prevention information is posted on campus bulletin boards, hosted on the Alliant Public Safety webpage, and provided at presentations offered throughout the year including New Student Orientation, New Employee Orientation, University Update, periodic University wide announcements, and to students, faculty, and staff as requested. The Director of Facilities, Human Resources, and Student Affairs maintain documentation of student and employee educational programming and safety updates.

The University has numerous primary prevention and awareness programs that include the distribution of educational materials to new students and new employees at such events as New Student Orientation, and New Employee orientations held throughout the year. In addition, ongoing prevention and awareness events are presented throughout the year for students and employees.

Employee Focused Primary and On-going Prevention Programming

At Alliant International University, Human Resources hosts a quarterly New Hire Orientation for new employees and provides an overview of multiple policies, including addressing Harassment & Discrimination and reporting sexual and gender misconduct issues to University Title IX officers. In addition, all employees must complete annual training on **Preventing Harassment & Discrimination for Higher Education,** presented by the Everfi organization. The course content also helps postsecondary institutions comply with the employee training requirements of Title IX and the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (Campus SaVE Act). This course also provides state-specific legal definitions of sexual violence, and describes victim protections, bystander intervention strategies, and school disciplinary proceedings. Employees are trained to:
Identify the factors that contribute to a safe and healthy campus community.
Understand rights and responsibilities under Title IX.

- Recognize different forms of sexual harassment/assault, dating/domestic violence, and stalking that are common in a college environment.
- Identify safe, positive and effective responses, and intervention options applicable to people experiencing sexual and relationship violence.
- Practice empathetic and active listening to someone who has experienced sexual or relationship harassment or violence.
- Understand reporting options and disciplinary proceedings for sexual and relationship misconduct.

In addition, the Employee Assistance Program provides comprehensive prevention and support resources that are available 24/7 through the Human Resources employee portal. Examples of articles, videos, and online seminars related to safety and security include:

- Workplace Violence Prevention
- Workplace Violence: Understand and Avoid It
- Workplace Violence: Facts and Safety Tips for Employees
- Violence in the Workplace
- Addressing Workplace Aggression
- Preventing Car Crime
- Protect Your Kids from Internet Crime
- Preventing Sexual Harassment in the Workplace
- What is Sexual Harassment?
- Dealing with Domestic Abuse
- What Is Domestic Abuse?
- Recognizing Domestic Violence
- Sexual Assault

Student Focused Primary Prevention Programming

All incoming students, at the time they sign their enrollment agreement receive a link to the University Catalog which includes a section called “Student Rights and Responsibilities” that contains policy information regarding: Student Conduct, Public Safety, Problem Solving and Dispute Resolution, and Sexual Harassment & Misconduct. Within the University catalog is a link to the full Annual Security and Safety Report which encompasses information regarding Campus, Criminal, and Civil Consequences of Committing Acts of Sexual Violence,

Bystander Intervention Techniques, Confidentiality of Reports of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment of Dating Violence and Stalking, Amnesty, Reporting Options including Reporting to University or Local Police and How and Where to File a Formal Complaint, Supportive Measures, Sexual Assault and Domestic Violence Counselors and Advocates and the University's Investigation and Complaint Resolution process. The policy also includes definitions of Sexual Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Assault, Sexual Exploitation, Sexual Violence, Affirmative Consent, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking. In August of each year, all current students and employees receive an email with the annual notice of the University Catalog and embedded policies.

Alliant communicates to its new incoming students that they are required to attend New Student Orientation, during which they receive information from the Office of the Vice President of Student Affairs regarding the University Title IX policy prohibiting sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, dating and domestic violence, and stalking, examples of acts which may constitute sexual violence and links to on and off campus resources, how to file a Title IX complaint, and a description of victim's rights and options. The New Student Orientation also covers campus safety topics including Crime preventing/reporting, medical emergencies, and Safety escorts.

Alliant requires the completion of a mandatory online course for new incoming students. This course provides practical training for identifying, reporting, and preventing campus sexual violence, as well as assisting victims of sexual assault. Interactive case studies and videos provide engaging educational content that explains how to respond to known or suspected sexual violence, which includes sexual assault, acquaintance rape, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. Many interactions are based on real cases that teach important concepts to help create a safe campus community and create a culture that prohibits and does not tolerate sexual violence. The course teaches students valuable skills for assisting victims and survivors of sexual violence and reporting sexual violence. The course content also helps postsecondary institutions comply with the training requirements of Title IX and the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (Campus SaVE Act). This course also provides state-specific legal definitions of sexual violence, and describes victim protections, bystander intervention strategies, and University disciplinary proceedings.

Education on personal safety and crime prevention is presented at an additional New Student Orientation for international students and includes tips on safety precautions for living and travel situations in the United States.

On-Going Prevention Programming

Examples of ongoing prevention programming provided to students and employees include:

- Take Back the Night march and rally.
- Active Shooter Training
- The Psychology of Sexual Harassment training for Mental Health Professionals
- I-MERIT Author Event: The Shattered Oak with author Sherry Genga that provided insight into the mind of a spousal-abused woman.

In addition, the Student Assistance Program provides comprehensive prevention and support resources that are available 24/7 through the Student Assistance Program portal. Examples of articles, videos, and online seminars related to safety and security include:

- Active Shooter: How to Respond
- Active Shooter: Recognizing Potential Workplace Violence
- Active Shooter: Training and Preparing Your Staff Your Staff
- Active Shooter: Actions to Take Video
- Active Shooter: Emergency Action Plan Video
- Workplace Bullying and Disruptive Behavior: What Everyone Needs to Know
- Workplace Violence: What Is It?
- You Are the Help Until Help Arrives
- Practical Strategies to Stay Safe
- Getting Employees Involved in Violence Prevention
- When Domestic Violence Comes to Work
- Examining Relationships: Healthy vs. Unhealthy

- Getting Help for Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence
- Help End Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence
- Understanding Intimate Partner Violence
- What Can Bystanders Do?
- Facts About Sexual Harassment

Risk Reduction and Safety Tips for Alliant Community Members

The following guidance is provided to students, faculty, and staff regarding safety tips:

- Be aware of your surroundings at all times; pay attention to what other people are doing.
- Familiarize yourself with the University's policies and procedures including the Sexual Assault/Harassment Policy, Alcohol Use Policy, Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Information and other information located in the Academic Catalog. The Academic Catalog is publicly available on the Alliant website at www.alliant.edu and is available upon request from the Campus Director.
- Attend security awareness programs sponsored by Alliant throughout the year.
- Alliant's Public Safety Department/Campus Security Officer locks classroom buildings nightly after classes. Student centers are open while student workers are present.
- Notify the Public Safety Department/Campus Security Officer immediately if you observe someone acting suspiciously or see evidence of possible security problems.
- Familiarize yourself with the location of nearby telephones in case of an emergency. Call 911 in an emergency. (If using the San Diego campus phone system, dial 9-911, then call Public Safety at extension 4444.)

Avoid These Risky Behaviors:

- Don't give out copies of your key or leave your key under a doormat.
- Don't put your address on your key chain.
- Don't put notes on your door indicating that you are not home.
- If you come home and find the door open or a window broken, don't go in. Instead, go to a neighbor's home to call for help.
- Don't give personal information to strangers on the telephone, in person, or on the Internet.
- Don't keep large sums of money or expensive valuables at home. Get a bank account or a security deposit box.
- Don't open your door to strangers. Look through the peephole or ask for the identity of callers before you open the door.
- Don't take shortcuts.
- Don't walk in poorly lighted areas.
- Don't accept rides with strangers.

Access to Campus Facilities

The facilities at Alliant International University are used not only by community members, but also by many persons drawn to the campus for a variety of reasons. Persons with legitimate business are welcome. Entrance may be denied, and the trespass laws invoked for persons found in or around our buildings without legitimate reasons.

Alliant International University buildings are locked and secured on a variety of schedules consistent with the usage of the buildings and the time of the academic year. To determine the specific schedule for the buildings or other academic support facility, contact the Campus Director. When either the buildings or specific administrative offices are closed, only those staff or students with appropriate

authorization are permitted to be in the buildings or administrative offices.

The University facilities management personnel are responsible for repairing the campus facilities. This includes defective doors and locking mechanisms. In addition, exterior lighting is an important part of the University's commitment to campus safety. Facilities management, in partnership with our facility owners work to inspect the campus for light outages, overgrown vegetation and other problems which could affect the safety of the campus.

All members of the campus community are encouraged to report any known problems or hazards to his or her Campus Security Authority. Prompt reporting enhances campus safety for all concerned.

Fresno

Access to the Fresno campus is from 8:00 am to 10:00 pm Monday – Friday, and open for selected weekends each year for classes and events. A keypad entry system is activated at 6:00 pm Monday – Friday, and all-day during weekend hours. All guests who enter the campus are asked to sign into the visitor log. Faculty and Staff are issued proximity cards for access to certain areas with only authorized personnel granted that access. Security guards make hourly security patrols of the campus and parking lot.
This location does not have any campus residences.

Hong Kong TSTE - School of Continuing and Professional Education at City University of HongKong (SCOPE)

The TSTE branch of SCOPE is located in a building that has security personnel at each of the main entrances to the building. Access to the SCOPE levels is through a bank of elevators that are monitored by building security both at the entrance and at the exit levels. The floor where the SCOPE offices are located are accessible through locked doors during operation hours between 9:00 through10:00 pm. There are security personnel on each floor located at the entrance.
This location does not have any campus residences.

Irvine

Visitors are required to check in at the front desk and may be required to show identification. Access to the building and elevator/suite is restricted Monday thru Fridays after 8:00 pm, and after 1:00 pm on Saturdays and all day on Sunday. Only University personnel with an access card may enter the suite after hours. Security officers patrol the exterior of the campus building and the parking lots.
This location does not have any campus residences.

Los Angeles/Alhambra

The Alhambra Urban Community provides 24-hour on-site security. The property is enclosed on the perimeter by a combination of brick walls and fences, with access limited to gated entry points on each of the four surrounding streets. Employees are provided with parking keycards for property access, and students may purchase semester parking privileges or pay daily parking for campus access. Access to Alliant Buildings is provided Monday through Friday between 7:30 am and 10:30 pm, and on weekends as needed.

The University maintains 24-hour internal camera surveillance of the buildings in addition to public area camera surveillance managed by The Alhambra Urban Community security office. After hours, the security office patrols regularly to ensure campus buildings remain secured, providing escorts and assistance as needed. Students, faculty, and staff can contact Campus Security at 626.300.2211, 24 hours a day, to have an escort to their vehicle.
This location does not have any campus residences.

Sacramento

Staff, students, faculty and vendors enter Alliant International Sacramento through the KVIE Television Station lobby which is staffed with a receptionist. Campus access is restricted to after 8:30 am Monday through Friday and the campus is closed on Saturday/Sunday. Campus evening entry is allowed until 10 pm Monday through Thursday and until 5 pm on Friday. Faculty and staff with an entry door fob are allowed to enter through the West entry door but must relock the campus door upon entry to the Alliant suite to limit student and vendor access to one entry point via the KVIE lobby.

Student, faculty, staff and guests parking passes are not required. Guests must check-in at the Alliant front desk to receive a name badge and escort throughout the campus.

This location does not have any campus residences.

San Diego

The Department of Public Safety provides 24/7 security services to students, staff, faculty and guests of the San Diego campus. Guest authorized to come on campus must obtain a one-day parking permit from the Public Safety office in M14. This includes weekends and holidays. All students, faculty and staff are required to have Alliant issued parking permits displayed in their vehicles. Public Safety offers safety escorts to members of the community during evening hours. To request a safety escort to your car or classroom, please contact 858-635-4444 at least 30 minutes prior.

Entrance to the campus is restricted between 11 pm and 4 am, 7 days a week. All personnel entering or exiting the campus are subject to security checks for valid identification, campus destination or other relevant information.
This location does not have any campus residences.

San Francisco – Beach Street

(Note: Alliant International University ceased teaching operations at this location in December 2019)
The San Francisco campus is patrolled by security personnel provided by the property management company. A security desk located at the front entrance to the building and video cameras are used throughout the building to monitor access. The public may access to the building between 8:00 am – 7:00 pm. Security badges are required for all persons entering the building after 7:00 pm.

This location did not have any campus residences.

San Francisco Bay Area (Emeryville)

Access to the Emeryville campus is from 8:00 am to 10:00 pm Monday – Friday, and open for selected Saturdays for classes and events. Security is provided by the building management and security guards make regular security patrols of the building facilities and parking facilities.

This location does not have any campus residences.

Tokyo

The campus occupies the entire 6th floor of the VORT Suehirocho II building. The entrance to the building is accessible to the public Monday through Friday, 7:00am – 9:00 pm. The building is not accessible on Saturdays. On Sundays and holidays, the main entrance is locked, and students may enter the building through the side door that is open between 7:00 am- 9:00 pm. Each core faculty and staff are given a key card that sets the security alarm. When the alarm is set, the elevator does not stop at the 6th floor, effectively restricting access to the campus.
This location does not have any campus residences.

Geography and Terms

All crime statistics covered in this report are broken down by category and geographic location per the

following Clery-defined categories: on---campus, non---campus building or property, and public property within the immediate vicinity.

On-campus

Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and

Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

Fresno Campus

- Main Campus Building (5130 E. Clinton Way, Fresno, CA 93727)
- Main Parking Lot

Hong Kong TSTE Campus

- Rooms UG202 & UG301, China Chem Golden Plaza,77 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon

Irvine Campus

- Main Campus Building (2855 Michelle Dr. #300, Irvine, CA 92606)
- Main Parking Lot

Los Angeles/Alhambra Campus

- Main Campus Building (1000 Fremont Ave. #5, Alhambra, CA 91803)
- Building B-1, 1st Floor
- Buildings A6, A7 & A8, 1st Floor
- Buildings A6, C4E and C4W, Lower Level

Sacramento Campus

- Main Campus Building (2030 W. El Camino Ave., Sacramento, CA 95833)

San Diego Campus

- Main Campus Buildings (10455 Pomerado Rd., San Diego, CA 92131)
- Welcome Center/Front Gate
- Fletcher Hall
- Buildings M 13, 14, 16-18
- Walter Library
- Daley Hall
- Zable Hall/Legler Benbough Theatre
- Green Hall
- Buildings A-E
- CSOE Building
- Library Parking Lot
- Main Parking Lot
- Daley Hall Parking Lot
- Fletcher Hall Parking Lot
- Facilities Maintenance Yard

San Francisco Beach Street Campus

(*Note: Alliant International University ceased teaching operations at this location December 2019*)

- Main Campus Building - 1 Beach St., San Francisco, CA 94133

San Francisco Bay Area Campus – Emeryville

- Main Campus Building - 1475 66th St STE 104, Emeryville, CA 94608

Tokyo Campus

- Main Campus Building (6-14-3 Soto Kanda, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo, Japan 101-0021)

Non-campus Building or Property

Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or

Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

San Diego

- Couple and Family Clinic (10065 Old Grove Rd, San Diego, CA 92131)

Public Property

The term "public property" means all public property that is within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution, such as a sidewalk, a street, other thoroughfare, or parking facility, and is adjacent to a facility owned or controlled by the institution if the facility is used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes.

Fresno

- East Clinton Way (between Helm Ave. and East McKinley Ave.)

Hong Kong TSTE Campus

- Mody Road and Science Museum Square (adjacent to Science Museum Road)
- Science Museum Road (between Mody Road and Science Museum Square)

Irvine

- Michelle Dr. and Interstate 5 (between El Moderna Tustin Flood Channel and Jamboree Rd.)
- Jamboree Rd. and El Moderna Tustin Flood Channel (between Interstate 5 and Michelle Dr.

Los Angeles/Alhambra

- West Mission Rd. and Orange St. (between Date Ave. and Fremont Ave.)
- Fremont Ave. and Date Ave. (between West Mission Rd. and Orange St.)
- Alhambra Urban Community Open Spaces/Park areas
- Alhambra Urban Community Parking Lot

Sacramento

- West El Camino Ave (between Interstate 5 and Natomas Park Dr.)
- Natomas Park Dr. (between Interstate 5 and West El Camino Ave.)
- Natomas Corporate Center Parking Lot

San Diego

- Avenue of Nations (from Pomerado Rd. to campus entrance)
- Pomerado Rd. (between Avenue of Nations/Willow Creek Rd and Scripps Ranch Row)

San Francisco - Beach Street

(Note: Alliant International University ceased teaching operations at this location in December 2019)

- Beach Street and North Point St. (between Stockton St. and Grant Ave.)
- Grant Ave. and Stockton St. (between Beach St. and North Point St.)

San Francisco Bay Area – Emeryville

- Shellmound St. and Hollis Street (between 66th Street and 65th Street)
- 66th Street and 65th Street (between Shellmound St. and Hollis Street

Tokyo

- Closest major streets: Chuo-dori (which is directly above the Tokyo Metro Ginza subway line) and Kuramae-hashi-dori; Adjacent to unnamed small side streets that lead out to both Chuo-dori and Kuramae-hashi-dori

Alliant Policies on Weapons, Smoking, and Workplace Violence Weapons

The University prohibits the possession or use of any potentially dangerous weapon or explosive on the campus. Firearms, ammunition, air guns, spring-type weapons, slingshots, and firecrackers are examples of those items prohibited.

The University prohibits employees, students and visitors from bringing unauthorized firearms or other weapons onto university premises. Compliance with this policy will be strictly enforced and violations will be dealt with in accordance with the appropriate faculty or student disciplinary policy and procedure, and sanctions will be enforced up to and including termination of employment or removal from Alliant International University's academic programs.

Smoke Free Buildings Policy

Smoking & tobacco use (to include cigarettes, e-cigarettes, cigars, pipes, hookahs, chewing tobacco, and related products) is prohibited at all times on or in any Alliant International University owned or leased property or facility, either indoors or outdoors (including vehicles on campus). For the purpose of this policy: "Smoking" means smoking any substance, including but not limited to tobacco, cloves or marijuana. Smoking products include, but are not limited to, all cigarette products (cigarettes, cigars, hookahs, pipes, etc.). Tobacco product means any substance containing tobacco leaf, including but not limited to cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, snuff, e-cigarettes, chewing tobacco, dipping tobacco, or any other preparation of tobacco, whether or not such product is smoke producing.

Workplace Violence Policy

Alliant International University strives to provide a workplace free from violence and threats of violence. The University finds violence and threats of violence totally unacceptable to this working/learning environment. It is the University's policy to help prevent incidents of violence from occurring in the workplace and learning environment. Alliant International University expressly prohibits and will not tolerate any acts or threats of violence by any University employee, student, or visitor, or by any former University employee, student or visitor against any other employee or former employee, student or visitor, whether on Alliant International University premises or elsewhere, at any time. Also, Alliant International University does not condone any acts or threats of violence against university employees, students or visitors on university premises at any time or while they are engaged in business with or on behalf of the University, on or off university premises.

The University will take reasonable steps to prevent any acts or threats of violence from occurring, and will take prompt remedial action, up to and including removal from the premises by law enforcement and prosecution to the full extent of the law of any offending individual who engages in any threatening behavior or acts of violence, or who uses obscene, abusive, or threatening language or gestures.

Campus Alcohol and Drug Policies

Alliant's policies are covered in greater depth in the Academic Catalog, the Alliant Staff Handbook, Faculty Handbook, the Drug-Free School and Workplace Policy, and in the Annual Drug Free Workplace Program memorandum distributed to all faculty and staff. The following points are repeated for emphasis:

- No one under the legal drinking age of 21 may possess, consume, or sell alcoholic beverages on campus. Anyone doing so, or anyone supplying alcohol to an underage person, will face disciplinary charges and possible criminal charges.

- The sale or possession of illegal drugs is not only a violation of university policy, but also violates federal laws. The University will support police agencies which enforce these laws through executing search warrants and arresting violators of the law on the campuses.
- The University actively reviews and adjudicates all cases where drug and/or alcohol misuse is alleged and takes appropriate follow-up measures through its internal disciplinary system and/or referral to counseling services.

State and Federal Laws Regarding Alcohol and Other Drugs

California Laws Regarding Alcohol

The following California laws regarding alcoholic beverages are abbreviated for general use and may not cover all situations. It is the responsibility of the server or consumer of alcoholic beverages to be aware of, and abide by, all laws.

- The possession, transportation, and/or consumption of alcohol by individuals under 21 years of age is strictly prohibited.
- A police officer can take the license from any driver suspected of driving under the influence of alcohol and drugs who refuses to take a blood alcohol test.
- State law prohibits the solicitation, procurement, sale or manufacture of narcotics or controlled substances except as expressly permitted by law.
- Applicable legal sanctions for the unlawful distribution of alcohol and illicit drugs range from probation, diversion, imprisonment in the county jail for less than one year, to imprisonment in State Prison.

For more information, please see:

- https://www.abc.ca.gov/LawsRulesReg.html
- https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codesTOCSelected.xhtml?tocCode=PEN

California Penalties and Sanctions for Illegal Possession of a Controlled Substance

Possession of certain controlled substances (such as opiates, cocaine base, hallucinogenic substances, or certain narcotic drugs) is punishable by imprisonment in state prison, or probation pursuant to a felony conviction and a fine of $1,000 for the first offense or community service. Selling and transporting such substances is punishable by three or more years in state prison. (Health and Safety Code 11352)

For more information, please see:
https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=HSC&sectionNum=11352

Federal Penalties and Sanctions for Illegal Possession of a Controlled Substance

The Federal Controlled Substances Act provides penalties of up to 15 years imprisonment and fines up to $25,000 for unlawful distribution or possession with intent to distribute illegal drugs. For the unlawful possession of illegal drugs, a person is subject to up to one year of imprisonment and fines up to $5,000. Any person who unlawfully distributes an illegal drug to a person under twenty-one years of age may be punished by up to twice the term of imprisonment and fined otherwise authorized by law.

Federal drug trafficking penalties consider the type and amount of the drug involved, the offender's drug violation history, and other factors. Additional penalties may include:

- Forfeiture of personal and real property used to possess or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance if that offense is punishable by more than one-year imprisonment.
- Forfeiture of vehicles, boats, aircraft, or any other conveyance used to transport or conceal a controlled substance.

- Possible denial of federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts, and professional and commercial licenses, up to one year for first offense, up to five years for second and subsequent

For more information, please see: https://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/21cfr/21usc/

Drug and Alcohol Abuse and Prevention Programs

Drug and Alcohol programs are coordinated through the collective efforts of Student Affairs s and Human Resources. The goal is to support and promote healthy choices that promote a healthy learning environment.

Primary prevention programs include information during Welcome Week for new students and additional drug and alcohol abuse and security awareness programs throughout the year.

The University utilizes an online course AlcoholEdu Education to provide alcohol and substance abuse prevention training for all new students. A special focus on knowledge, skills and tools to help students make healthy, informed decisions about prescription medications is included in the training materials.

Examples of additional programming include:

The War on Drugs: A discussion on illicit substances and systemic racism - Presented by The Anti-Racism Student Alliance:

- To discuss the war on drugs and its effects on the general population
- To discuss how the war on drugs has influenced systemic racism and untrue stereotypes
- To discuss illicit substances and their impacts on communities

Neuroscience and Psychopharmacology in the Era of COVID19 - Dr. Judith Steinman, PhD.

The pace at which the health and financial consequences of COVID19 have pervaded society has left us in an overwhelming state of stress. Science and medicine have generated theories that normally are tested over time, but the precipitous climb of mortality and morbidity left us scrambling for answers and hanging our hopes on treatments that ultimately proved ineffective or in some cases hazardous. This presentation will parse out the scientific facts from theory regarding neurological sequelae of COVID19 exposure and how medications prescribed for mental health conditions may interact with treatments used for COVID19.

Integrating Social Ecological Approaches to Adolescent Substance Use in Systems of Care – Dr. David Stewart, PhD.

Problematic adolescent substance use creates pathways to persistent challenges in wellbeing through the lifespan. Understanding the individual, family and systemic causes and consequences of adolescent substance use is key to designing and implementing effective interventions. This webinar will provide a social ecological framework for professionals and policy makers to implement successful interventions that can be integrated into multiple modalities in multiple systems of care. The webinar will provide tools for tailoring the response to adolescent substance use to promote health equity and respond to unique needs of intervening remotely during the pandemic.

The University maintains a drug/alcohol awareness program to make every effort to ensure that all University students, staff, and faculty are aware of issues regarding drug and alcohol use/abuse including:

1. The policy of the University regarding drug/alcohol-free facilities.
2. The dangers and health risks of drugs and alcohol.
3. The availability of referral agencies for drug/alcohol counseling and rehabilitation; and
4. Disciplinary actions that may result from a violation of this policy.

Administrators will be trained in the enforcement of this policy and ensure the confidentiality of such matters.

Alliant provides several resources on campus for members of the University Community experiencing drug and/or alcohol problems. Students seeking assistance may contact:

- Director of Campus Services (see Campus Security Official contact information)
- Student Assistance Program at (800) 327-0556

Employees seeking assistance may contact Human Resources, or the Employee Assistance Program (800) 634-6433.

University officials may also refer students to these resources. Referrals made as part of the disciplinary process are mandatory for students. Professionals from these offices are available to listen to students with such problems and make a referral if necessary.

Faculty/staff may receive information concerning these programs via Alliant's Annual Drug Free Workplace memorandum and may receive additional information by contacting the Human Resources Department at (858) 635-4509.

Health Risks Associated with the Abuse of Alcohol

Alcohol consumption can cause several marked changes in behavior. Even low doses can significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihood that the driver will be involved in an accident. Low to moderate doses of alcohol also can increase the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts, including spouse and child abuse. Moderate to high doses of alcohol can cause marked impairments in higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses can cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol can produce the effects just described.

Repeated use of alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of alcohol intake may produce withdrawal symptoms, including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Alcohol withdrawal can be life-threatening. Long-term consumption of large quantities of alcohol, particularly when combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs such as the brain and the liver.

Women who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with fetal alcohol syndrome. These infants may have irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation. In addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk than others of becoming alcoholics.

Voluntary Rehabilitation

The University supports students, staff, and/or faculty who voluntarily seek rehabilitation for drug/alcohol-related problems. A list of resources in your area is included below, which may be accessed for drug education programs as well as for drug rehabilitation programs. Student may also contact the Director of Campus Services for confidential assistance in this matter or for additional local resources in your area. If you choose to avail yourself of a rehabilitation program, you will be provided a leave of absence in accordance with the applicable policy.

If an employee chooses to take advantage of a rehabilitation program, the University will attempt to accommodate them with a reasonable leave of absence. Accrued sick leave and vacation benefits may be applied toward this leave but will not continue to accrue once expended. Employees shouldcontact Human Resources to discuss leave, benefit, and compensation issues.

Outside Resources

Your health plan may provide programs for substance use, abuse and dependency. The following is a partial list of community resources. For more information about organizations in your area, call the following numbers and ask for information on your local chapter.

- Alcoholics Anonymous - www.aa.org
- Narcotics Anonymous - www.na.org
- SMART Recovery - www.smartrecovery.org; (866) 951-5357
- National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence - www.ncadd.org; (916) 922-9217
- California Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs - www.adp.state.ca.us; (800) 879-2772
- Center for Substance Abuse Referral Hotline - (800) 622-4357 (HELP)
- Alcohol Treatment Referral Hotline - (800) 252-6465
- Alcohol and Drug Abuse Helpline and Treatment (800) 234-0420

Sexual and Gender Based Harassment and Misconduct Policy

Alliant International University (also referred to as Alliant or the University) strives to promote and provide an environment free from sexual and gender-based misconduct and all forms of sexual and gender-based harassment. “No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance”. 20 U.S.C. § 1681

Title IX is a federal law that prohibits schools from discriminating based on sex/gender. The University strives to meet all the requirements defined by Title IX, the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination (SaVE) Act, the Clery Act and the re-authorized Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). Title IX discrimination includes sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, gender-based harassment, sexual violence, sexual assault, stalking, and intimate partner violence (domestic and dating violence).

Alliant prohibits sexual harassment and sexual violence, including forcible and non-forcible sex offenses, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, as defined below, in addition to the guidelines set forth in the Non-Discrimination policy.

This policy applies to all conduct in any academic, educational, extra-curricular, or other University program and activity, whether those programs and activities occur in university facilities, on or off campus, or are committed by a stranger or non-stranger. Conduct that occurs outside of the United States or conduct that occurs in an activity not sanctioned as an academic, educational, extra-curricular, or other University program and activity may be addressed via other University policies. Accordingly, the University will investigate all Complaints regardless of where the alleged conduct occurs to determine if it should be addressed by Title IX or another University policy. Conduct that does not meet the definition of sexual harassment for Title IX purposes can still be addressed through an institution’s own disciplinary processes.

Sexual Harassment is defined as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or other unwanted conduct of a sexual nature. Harassment is further defined as unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that unreasonably interferes with a person’s employment or education, interferes with a person’s work or educational performance, or creates an environment such that a reasonable person would find the conduct intimidating, hostile, or offensive.

Where unwelcome sex/gender-based conduct consists of speech or expressive conduct, the University will balance Title IX enforcement with respect for free speech and academic freedom. Students and employees and others should enjoy free speech and academic freedom protections, even when speech or expression is offensive.

Sexual Harassment includes sexual violence (see definition below). Sexual violence is a form of sexual harassment prohibited by Title IX/Campus SaVE.
Sexual Harassment may occur in hierarchical relationships, between peers, or between individuals of the same sex or opposite sex. To determine whether the reported conduct constitutes sexual harassment, consideration shall be given to the record of the conduct as a whole and to the totality of the circumstances, including the context in which the conduct occurred.

Sexual Misconduct includes but is not limited to sexual harassment and sexual violence, including forcible and non-forcible sex offenses, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, as defined below. This behavior is unacceptable in the academic environment and in other University-related settings such as University-sponsored activities or University-related social events. Additional details can be found on our Consumer Information webpage.

The University will not tolerate such conduct on the part of any employee, student, vendor, or other individuals. Compliance with this policy will be strictly enforced and violations will be dealt with in accordance with the appropriate employee or student disciplinary policy and procedure.
Alliant International University finds sexual misconduct totally unacceptable to this working/learning environment. Staff, faculty and administrators are not to engage in sexual relationships with students, whether consensual or otherwise. Supervisors are not to engage in sexual relationships, whether consensual or otherwise, with those staff who report to them, directly or indirectly.

The University will take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent harassment and sexual misconduct. Alliant maintains a program to eliminate sexual and other forms of harassment from its working/learning environment including the provision of supervisory, staff, faculty, and student sexual awareness and prevention training. In compliance with California State law, all University employees and students are given a copy of the Department of Fair Employment and Housing's pamphlet (DFEH-185) entitled "Sexual Harassment: The Facts About Sexual Harassment." Should the University become aware that any contractor, vendor, partner, or other affiliate engages in Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment appropriate action up to and including termination of the contractual business relationship may occur.

Administrators will support and assist staff, faculty, and students in the pursuit of investigating and remediating problems of harassment or sexual misconduct whenever it occurs. If you are a student or employee who feels you have been subjected to such abuses, you should report all harassment and sexual misconduct complaints (knowing that it will be in confidence and without reprisal or retaliation) to the University Title IX Coordinator:

Amber Eckert - Vice President of Student Affairs

10445 Pomerado Road
San Diego, CA 92131
858-635-4535; amber.eckert@alliant.edu

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for ensuring that all records relating to sexual harassment and sexual violence reports, investigations, and adjudication of formal complaints of sexual harassment, as well as informal resolutions, and the availability and utilization of supportive measures are maintained properly and securely. Records shall be maintained in accordance with University Record Retention Policies but no less than seven (7) years. All records pertaining to pending litigation or a request for records shall be maintained in accordance with instructions from University Legal and Compliance.

Definitions of Sexual and Gender Based Misconduct

The University reserves the right to determine the applicable definition based upon factors including but not limited to location of the alleged offense, applicable laws or location of the university. Under university policy or federal law, conduct may constitute Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment even though that conduct does not meet a specific state or other definition of an offense.
As required by law and policy, Alliant International University prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic

violence, sexual assault and stalking

The following definitions are used for purposes of reporting dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking under the Clery Act as amended by VAWA.

Dating Violence is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. It includes sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. It does not include acts covered under domestic violence.

Domestic Violence is a crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the complainant. Intimate partners refer to relationships between spouses, former spouses, past or present unmarried couples, or persons who are both the parents of the same child regardless of whether the persons have been married or have lived together at any time. Other relationships may fall under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or by any other person against an adult or youth complainant who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Incapacitation is the physical and/or mental inability to make informed, rational judgments. States of incapacitation include but are not limited to unconsciousness, sleep, and blackouts. Where alcohol or drugs are involved, incapacitation is defined with respect to how the alcohol or other drugs consumed affects a person's decision-making capacity, awareness of consequences, and ability to make fully informed judgments. Being intoxicated by drugs or alcohol does not diminish one's responsibility to obtain consent. The factors to be considered when determining whether consent was given include whether the respondent knew, or whether a reasonable person should have known, that the complainant was incapacitated.

Stalking is behavior in which a person repeatedly engages in conduct directed at a specific person that places that person in reasonable fear of their safety or the safety of others, or that would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress.

Sexual Assault Any person who knowingly inflicts sexual intrusion or sexual penetration on a victim commits sexual assault if:

- It occurs when sexual activity is engaged without the consent of one party or when one party is unable to consent to the activity.
- The activity or conduct may include physical force, violence, threat, or intimidation, ignoring the objections of the other person,
- Causing the other person's intoxication or incapacitation through the use of drugs or alcohol,
- Or taking advantage of the other person's incapacitation (including voluntary intoxication).

Sexual Exploitation occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for his or her own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the other Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment offenses.

Sexual Violence is defined as physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent. Several different acts fall into the category of sexual violence, including, rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual abuse, and sexual coercion, domestic violence, dating violence, and/or stalking. Sexual violence can be carried out by university employees, other students, or third parties. All such acts of sexual violence are forms of sex discrimination prohibited by Title IX.

Consent is defined at Alliant International University as an affirmative, unambiguous, and conscious decision by each participant to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Consent must be informed, voluntary, and given without coercion, force, threats, or intimidation. Consent means positive cooperation in the act or expression of intent to engage in the act pursuant to an exercise of free will.

Consent is revocable. Consent to some form of sexual activity does not imply consent to other forms of sexual activity. Consent to sexual activity on one occasion does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity on another occasion. A current or previous dating or sexual relationship, by itself, is not sufficient to constitute consent.

In the evaluation of complaints in any disciplinary process, it shall not be a valid excuse to alleged lack of affirmative consent that the accused believed that the complainant consented to the sexual activity under either of the following circumstances:

(A) The respondent's belief in affirmative consent arose from the intoxication or recklessness of the respondent.

(B) The respondent did not take reasonable steps, in the circumstances known to the respondent at the time, to ascertain whether the complainant affirmatively consented.

Applicable Law and California Penal Code Definitions

The following definitions reflect California state law and may be different from the federal definitions above. The federal definitions are used for purposes of reporting crime statistics as mandated by the Clery Act as amended by VAWA. It is important to be aware of state law definitions that govern criminal proceedings.

Dating Violence - Included within the definition of domestic violence as set forth in California Penal Code § 13700.

Domestic Violence California Penal Code Section § 13700 (relevant excerpts)

(a) "Abuse" means intentionally or recklessly causing or attempting to cause bodily injury, or placing another person in reasonable apprehension of imminent serious bodily injury to himself or herself, or another

(b) "Domestic violence" means abuse committed against an adult or a minor who is a spouse, former spouse, cohabitant, former cohabitant, or person with whom the suspect has had a child or is having or has had a dating or engagement relationship. For purposes of this subdivision, "cohabitant" means two unrelated adult persons living together for a substantial period of time, resulting in some permanency of relationship. Factors that may determine whether persons are cohabiting include, but are not limited to,

(1) sexual relations between the parties while sharing the same living quarters,

(2) sharing of income or expenses,

(3) joint use or ownership of property,

(4) whether the parties hold themselves out as spouses,

(5) the continuity of the relationship, and

(6) the length of the relationship.

Sexual Assault (Defined under the Clery Act to be an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape)

Rape California Penal Code Section § 261 (relevant excerpts)

(A) Rape is an act of sexual intercourse accomplished with a person not the spouse of the perpetrator, under any of the following circumstances:

(1) Where a person is incapable, because of a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability, of giving legal consent, and this is known or reasonably should be known to the person committing the act. Notwithstanding the existence of a conservatorship pursuant to the provisions of the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act (Part 1 (commencing with Section 5000) of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code), the prosecuting attorney shall prove, as an element of the crime, that a mental disorder or developmental or physical disability rendered the alleged victim incapable of giving consent.

(2) Where it is accomplished against a person's will by means of force, violence, duress, menace, or fear of immediate and unlawful bodily injury on the person or another.

(3) Where a person is prevented from resisting by any intoxicating or anesthetic substance, or any controlled substance, and this condition was known, or reasonably should have been known by the accused.

(4) Where a person is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act, and this is known to the accused. As used in this paragraph, "unconscious of the nature of the act" means incapable of resisting because the victim meets any one of the following conditions:

(a) Was unconscious or asleep.

(b) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant that the act occurred.

(c) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the essential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraud in fact.

(d) Was not aware, knowing, perceiving, or cognizant of the essential characteristics of the act due to the perpetrator's fraudulent representation that the sexual penetration served a professional purpose when it served no professional purpose.

(i) Where a person submits under the belief that the person committing the act is someone known to the victim other than the accused, and this belief is induced by any artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused, with intent to induce the belief.

(ii) Where the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to retaliate in the future against the victim or any other person, and there is a reasonable possibility that the perpetrator will execute the threat. As used in this paragraph, "threatening to retaliate" means a threat to kidnap or falsely imprison, or to inflict extreme pain, serious bodily injury, or death.

(iii) Where the act is accomplished against the victim's will by threatening to use the authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport the victim or another, and the victim has a reasonable belief that the perpetrator is a public official. As used in this paragraph, "public official" means a person employed by a governmental agency who has the authority, as part of that position, to incarcerate, arrest, or deport another. The perpetrator does not actually have to be a public official.

(B) As used in this section, "duress" means a direct or implied threat of force, violence, danger, or retribution sufficient to coerce a reasonable person of ordinary susceptibilities to perform an act which otherwise would not have been performed or acquiesce in an act to which one otherwise would not have submitted. The total circumstances, including the age of the victim, and his or her relationship to the defendant, are factors to consider in appraising the existence of duress.

(C) As used in this section, "menace" means any threat, declaration, or act which shows an intention to inflict an injury upon another.

Fondling (Sexual Battery) California Penal Code Section § 243.4.

(a) Any person who touches an intimate part of another person while that person is unlawfully restrained by the accused or an accomplice, and if the touching is against the will of the person touched and is for the purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, is guilty of sexual battery. A violation of this subdivision is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, and by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2,000); or by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years, and by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(b) Any person who touches an intimate part of another person who is institutionalized for medical treatment and who is seriously disabled or medically incapacitated, if the touching is against the will of the person touched, and if the touching is for the purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, is guilty of sexual battery. A violation of this subdivision is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, and by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2,000); or by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years, and by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(c) Any person who touches an intimate part of another person for the purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, and the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act because the perpetrator fraudulently represented that the touching served a professional purpose, is guilty of sexual battery. A violation of this subdivision is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, and by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2,000); or by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years, and by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(d) Any person who, for the purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, causes another, against that person's will while that person is unlawfully restrained either by the accused or an accomplice, or is institutionalized for medical treatment and is seriously disabled or medically incapacitated, to masturbate or touch an intimate part of either of those persons or a third person, is guilty of sexual battery. A violation of this subdivision is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, and by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2,000); or by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years, and by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(e) (1) Any person who touches an intimate part of another person, if the touching is against the will of the person touched, and is for the specific purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, is guilty of misdemeanor sexual battery, punishable by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars ($2,000), or by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding six months, or by both that fine and imprisonment. However, if the defendant was an employer and the victim was an employee of the defendant, the misdemeanor sexual battery shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding three thousand dollars ($3,000), by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding six months, or by both that fine and imprisonment. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any amount of a fine above two thousand dollars ($2,000) which is collected from a defendant for a violation of this subdivision shall be transmitted to the State Treasury and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, distributed to the Department of Fair Employment and Housing for the purpose of enforcement of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (Part 2.8 (commencing with Section 12900) of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), including, but not limited to, laws that proscribe sexual harassment in places of employment. However, in no event shall an amount over two thousand dollars ($2,000) be transmitted to the State Treasury until all fines, including any restitution fines that may have been imposed upon the defendant, have been paid in full.

(f) As used in this subdivision, "touches" means physical contact with another person, whether accomplished directly, through the clothing of the person committing the offense, or through the clothing of the victim.

(g) As used in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d), "touches" means physical contact with the skin of another person whether accomplished directly or through the clothing of the person committing the offense.

(h) As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(1) "Intimate part" means the sexual organ, anus, groin, or buttocks of any person, and the breast of a female.

(2) "Sexual battery" does not include the crimes defined in Section 261 or 289.

(3) "Seriously disabled" means a person with severe physical or sensory disabilities.

(4) "Medically incapacitated" means a person who is incapacitated as a result of prescribed sedatives, anesthesia, or other medication.

(5) "Institutionalized" means a person who is located voluntarily or involuntarily in a hospital, medical treatment facility, nursing home, acute care facility, or mental hospital.

(6) "Minor" means a person under 18 years of age.

(i) This section shall not be construed to limit or prevent prosecution under any other law which also proscribes a course of conduct that also is proscribed by this section.

(j) In the case of a felony conviction for a violation of this section, the fact that the defendant was an employer, and the victim was an employee of the defendant shall be a factor in aggravation in sentencing.

(k) A person who commits a violation of subdivision (a), (b), (c), or (d) against a minor when the person has a prior felony conviction for a violation of this section shall be guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years and a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

Incest California Penal Code Section § 285

Persons being within the degrees of consanguinity within which marriages are declared by law to be incestuous and void, who intermarry with each other, or who being 14 years of age or older, commit fornication or adultery with each other, are punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.

Statutory Rape California Penal Code Section § 261.5

(a) Unlawful sexual intercourse is an act of sexual intercourse accomplished with a person who is not the spouse of the

perpetrator if the person is a minor. For the purposes of this section, a "minor" is a person under the age of 18 years and an "adult" is a person who is at least 18 years of age.

(b) Any person who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor who is not more than three years older or three years younger than the perpetrator, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(c) Any person who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor who is more than three years younger than the perpetrator is guilty of either a misdemeanor or a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170.

(d) Any person 21 years of age or older who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor who is under 16 years of age is guilty of either a misdemeanor or a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 for two, three, or four years.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,

(1) an adult who engages in an act of sexual intercourse with a minor in violation of this section may be liable for civil penalties in the following amounts:

(A) An adult who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor less than two years younger than the adult is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed two thousand dollars ($2,000).

(B) An adult who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor at least two years younger than the adult is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(C) An adult who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor at least three years younger than the adult is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(D) An adult over the age of 21 years who engages in an act of unlawful sexual intercourse with a minor under 16 years of age is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000).

(2) The district attorney may bring actions to recover civil penalties pursuant to this subdivision. From the amounts collected for each case, an amount equal to the costs of pursuing the action shall be deposited with the treasurer of the county in which the judgment was entered, and the remainder shall be deposited in the Underage Pregnancy Prevention Fund, which is hereby created in the State Treasury. Amounts deposited in the Underage Pregnancy Prevention Fund may be used only for the purpose of preventing underage pregnancy upon appropriation by the Legislature.

(3) In addition to any punishment imposed under this section, the judge may assess a fine not to exceed seventy dollars ($70) against any person who violates this section with the proceeds of this fine to be used in accordance with Section 1463.23. The court shall, however, take into consideration the defendant's ability to pay, and no defendant shall be denied probation because of his or her inability to pay the fine permitted under this subdivision.

Stalking California Penal Code Section §646.9

(a) Any person who willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follows or willfully and maliciously harasses another person and who makes a credible threat with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear for his or her safety, or the safety of his or her immediate family is guilty of the crime of stalking, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both that fine and imprisonment, or by imprisonment in the state prison.

(b) Any person who violates subdivision (a) when there is a temporary restraining order, injunction, or any other court order in effect prohibiting the behavior described in subdivision (a) against the same party, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years.

(c) Every person who, after having been convicted of a felony under Section 273.5, 273.6, or 422, commits a violation of subdivision:

(a) shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by both that fine and imprisonment, or by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or five years.

(d) Every person who, after having been convicted of a felony under subdivision

(a), commits a violation of this section shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or five years.

(e) In addition to the penalties provided in this section, the sentencing court may order a person convicted of a felony under this section to register as a sex offender pursuant to Section 290.006.

(f) For the purposes of this section, "harasses" means engages in a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person that seriously alarms, annoys, torments, or terrorizes the person, and that serves no legitimate purpose.

(g) For the purposes of this section, "course of conduct" means two or more acts occurring over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct."

(h) For the purposes of this section, "credible threat" means a verbal or written threat, including that performed through the use of an electronic communication device, or a threat implied by a pattern of conduct or a combination of verbal, written, or electronically communicated statements and conduct, made with the intent to place the person that is the target of the threat in reasonable fear for his or her safety or the safety of his or her family, and made with the apparent ability to carry out the threat so as to cause the person who is the target of the threat to reasonably fear for his or her safety or the safety of his or her family. It is not necessary to prove that the defendant had the intent to actually carry out the threat. The present incarceration of a person making the threat shall not be a bar to prosecution under this section. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "credible threat."

(i) For purposes of this section, the term "electronic communication device" includes, but is not limited to, telephones, cellular phones, computers, video recorders, fax machines, or pagers. "Electronic communication" has the same meaning as the term defined in Subsection 12 of Section 2510 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

(j) This section shall not apply to conduct that occurs during labor picketing.

(k) If probation is granted, or the execution or imposition of a sentence is suspended, for any person convicted under this section, it shall be a condition of probation that the person participate in counseling, as designated by the court. However, the court, upon a showing of good cause, may find that the counseling requirement shall not be imposed.

(k) The sentencing court also shall consider issuing an order restraining the defendant from any contact with the victim, that may be valid for up to 10 years, as determined by the court. It is the intent of the Legislature that the length of any restraining order be based upon the seriousness of the facts before the court, the probability of future violations, and the safety of the victim and his or her immediate family.

(1) This protective order may be issued by the court whether the defendant is sentenced to state prison, county jail, or if imposition of sentence is suspended and the defendant is placed on probation.

(l) For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means any spouse, parent, child, any person related by consanguinity or affinity within the second degree, or any other person who regularly resides in the household, or who, within the prior six months, regularly resided in the household.

(m) The court shall consider whether the defendant would benefit from treatment pursuant to Section 2684. If it is determined to be appropriate, the court shall recommend that the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation make a certification as provided in Section 2684. Upon the certification, the defendant shall be evaluated and transferred to the appropriate hospital for treatment pursuant to Section 2684.

Consent

In prosecutions under Section 261, 262, 286, 288a, or 289, in which consent is at issue, "consent" shall be defined to mean positive cooperation in act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will. The person must act freely and voluntarily and have knowledge of the nature of the act or transaction involved.

A current or previous dating or marital relationship shall not be sufficient to constitute consent where consent is at issue in a prosecution under Section 261, 262, 286, 288a, or 289.

Nothing in this section shall affect the admissibility of evidence or the burden of proof on the issue of consent.

Sexual Assault Prevention Programs and Publications

The University provides programs to promote the prevention and awareness of sexual violence, sexual assault, domestic and/or dating violence, stalking, sexual exploitation, awareness of rape, acquaintance rape, and other sexual misconduct offences are provided in order to promote a safe living and learning environment.
These programs will include, but are not limited to, education about the definition of consent, consensual relationships, options for bystander intervention, how to avoid potential attack, trauma-informed approaches, risk reduction to recognize warning signs of abusive behavior, and risk reduction awareness information. These programs promote behaviors that foster healthy and respectful relationships while also encouraging a safe environment for bystanders to intervene in a potential case of Sexual Violence.
University sexual assault prevention programs include on-campus/on-line presentations on prevention, awareness, and response. These prevention programs are hosted by the University or may be in partnership with local building/facilities management, or local community agencies. Resource information is also available in Student Services and on the Alliant student portal.
The University has numerous primary prevention and awareness programs that include the distribution of educational materials to new students and new employees at such events as New Student Orientation, and New Employee orientations held throughout the year. In addition, ongoing prevention and awareness events are presented throughout the year for students and employees.

Employee Focused Primary and On-Going Prevention Programming

At Alliant International University, Human Resources hosts a quarterly New Hire Orientation for new employees and provides an overview of multiple policies, including addressing Harassment & Discrimination and reporting sexual and gender misconduct issues to University Title IX officers. In addition, all employees must complete annual training on **Preventing Harassment & Discrimination for Higher Education,** presented by the Everfi organization. The course content also helps postsecondary institutions comply with the employee training requirements of Title IX and the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (Campus SaVE Act). This course also provides state-specific legal definitions of sexual violence, and describes victim protections, bystander intervention strategies, and school disciplinary proceedings. Employees are trained to:

- Identify the factors that contribute to a safe and healthy campus community.
- Understand rights and responsibilities under Title IX.
- Recognize different forms of sexual harassment/assault, dating/domestic violence, and stalking that are common in a college environment.
- Identify safe, positive and effective responses, and intervention options applicable to people experiencing sexual and relationship violence.
- Practice empathetic and active listening to someone who has experienced sexual or relationship harassment or violence.
- Understand reporting options and disciplinary proceedings for sexual and relationship misconduct.

In addition, the Employee Assistance Program provides comprehensive prevention and support resources that are available 24/7 through the Human Resources employee portal. Examples of articles, videos, and online seminars related to safety and security include:

- Preventing Sexual Harassment in the Workplace
- What is Sexual Harassment?
- Dealing with Domestic Abuse
- What Is Domestic Abuse?
- Recognizing Domestic Violence
- Sexual Assault

Student Focused Primary Prevention Programming

All incoming students, at the time they sign their enrollment agreement receive a link to the University Catalog which includes a section called “Student Rights and Responsibilities” that contains policy information regarding: Student Conduct, Public Safety, Problem Solving and Dispute Resolution, and Sexual Harassment & Misconduct.

Within the University catalog is a link to the full Annual Security and Safety Report which encompasses information regarding Campus, Criminal, and Civil Consequences of Committing Acts of Sexual Violence, Bystander Intervention Techniques, Confidentiality of Reports of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment of Dating Violence and Stalking, Amnesty, Reporting Options including Reporting to University or Local Police and How and Where to File a Formal Complaint, Supportive Measures, Sexual Assault and Domestic Violence Counselors and Advocates and the University's Investigation and Complaint Resolution process. The policy also includes definitions of Sexual Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Assault, Sexual Exploitation, Sexual Violence, Affirmative Consent, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking. In August of each year, all current students and employees receive an email with the annual notice of the University Catalog and embedded policies.

Alliant communicates to its new incoming students that they are required to attend New Student Orientation, during which they receive information from the Office of the Vice President of Student Affairs regarding the University Title IX policy prohibiting sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, dating and domestic violence, and stalking, examples of acts which may constitute sexual violence and links to on and off campus resources, how to file a Title IX complaint, and a description of victim's rights and options. The New Student Orientation also covers campus safety topics including Crime preventing/reporting, medical emergencies, and Safety escorts.

Alliant requires the completion of a mandatory online course for new incoming students. This course provides practical training for identifying, reporting, and preventing campus sexual violence, as well as assisting victims of sexual assault. Interactive case studies and videos provide engaging educational content that explains how to respond to known or suspected sexual violence, which includes sexual assault, acquaintance rape, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. Many interactions are based on real cases that teach important concepts to help create a safe campus community and create a culture that prohibits and does not tolerate sexual violence. The course teaches students valuable skills for assisting victims and survivors of sexual violence and reporting sexual violence and addresses common facts and myths about the causes of sexual violence. The course content also helps postsecondary institutions comply with the training requirements of Title IX and the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (Campus SaVE Act). This course also provides state-specific legal definitions of sexual violence, and describes victim protections, bystander intervention strategies, and University disciplinary proceedings.

On-Going Prevention Programming

Examples of ongoing prevention programming provided to students and employees include:

- Take Back the Night march and rally.
- The Psychology of Sexual Harassment training for Mental Health Professionals
- I-MERIT Author Event: The Shattered Oak with author Sherry Genga that provided insight into the mind of a spousal-abused woman.

In addition, the Student Assistance Program provides comprehensive prevention and support resources that are available 24/7 through the Student Assistance Program portal. Examples of articles, videos, and online seminars related to safety and security include:

- When Domestic Violence Comes to Work
- Examining Relationships: Healthy vs. Unhealthy
- Getting Help for Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence
- Help End Domestic and Intimate Partner Violence
- Understanding Intimate Partner Violence
- What Can Bystanders Do?
- Facts About Sexual Harassment

Bystander Intervention Techniques

Bystander intervention is when someone chooses to take action when witnessing an uncomfortable situation. It encompasses safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking.

- Direct – You can be direct when confronting a situation where someone else is being harmed or at risk of being harmed. In the case of witnessing a fight, the direct approach might involve asking the students who were fighting if everything is alright or asking the other students in the room if they are as uncomfortable with the situation as you were.
- Distract – In a situation that involves more than one person, you can also distract one or both people involved. In a fight, this can allow people to cool off, and in cases of sexual violence, it can create an opportunity for the potential victim to get away. The goal of distraction is to interrupt the harmful behavior, not necessarily to confront it.
- Delegate – You can delegate the task by looking for people to back you up when it's time to intervene. Depending on the situation, that could mean asking for help from fellow party goers when you witness a fight or see sexual violence. Delegating is great because it can create a shared sense of responsibility among community members.
- Delay – If the first 3 Ds don't work for you or your situation, you can also use a delayed response, such as following up and asking if someone is okay after the fact. The important thing is to show you fellow students that you care and are there to support them.

Warning Signs of Abusive Behavior

Domestic violence (also referred to as intimate partner violence (IPV), dating abuse, or relationship abuse) is a pattern of behaviors used by one partner to maintain power and control over another partner in an intimate relationship.

Domestic violence doesn't discriminate. People of any race, age, gender, sexuality, religion, education level, or economic status can be a victim — or perpetrator — of domestic violence. That includes behaviors that physically harm, intimidate, manipulate or control a partner, or otherwise force them to behave in ways they don't want to, including through physical violence, threats, emotional abuse, or financial control.

Common signs of abusive behavior in a partner include:

- Telling you that you never do anything right.
- Showing extreme jealousy of your friends or time spent away from them.
- Preventing or discouraging you from spending time with friends, family members, or peers.
- Insulting, demeaning, or shaming you, especially in front of other people.
- Preventing you from making your own decisions, including about working or attending school.
- Controlling finances in the household without discussion, including taking your money or refusing to provide money for necessary expenses.
- Pressuring you to have sex or perform sexual acts you're not comfortable with.
- Pressuring you to use drugs or alcohol.
- Intimidating you through threatening looks or actions.
- Insulting your parenting or threatening to harm or take away your children or pets.
- Intimidating you with weapons like guns, knives, bats, or mace.
- Destroying your belongings or your home.

Adapted from https://www.thehotline.org

Help Reduce Risk and Avoid Potential Attacks

If you are being abused or suspect that someone you know is being abused, speak up or intervene.

- Get help by contacting the Student Assistance Program (students) or Employee Assistance Program (employees) for support services including free and confidential critical counseling services.

- Learn how to look for “red flags” in relationships so you can learn to avoid some of those characteristics in future partners.
- Consider making a report with the local municipal Police Department and/or the University Title IX coordinator and ask for a “no contact” directive from the University to prevent future contact.

Notice Pursuant to the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA)

In accordance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA), California’s Megan’s Law and in conjunction with the police department jurisdictions in which Alliant’s California campuses are located, this policy will be the guiding factor in notifying the Alliant International University community of registered sex offenders associated with the University.

All persons required to register with a local law enforcement agency as a sex offender, according to California Penal Code 290, who enroll in class, work, or make deliveries on the Alliant International University campus 30 days or more in one year, must register at the relevant Police Department as being associated with Alliant International University.

The police department will evaluate the classification of the offender according to California’s Megan’s Law. If the offender fits into a category of a High-Risk Sex Offender or Serious Sex Offender, the police department is supposed to inform the University of the registration.

Per CSCPA and California’s Megan’s Law, Alliant International University will then notify the campus community of the sex offender’s registration. This notification will include the name of the offender and may include a photo and a summary of the offender and prior convictions. Alliant International University will make an effort to contact and inform the offender of the intent to notify the community before notification is made.

Notification to the community may be made by using copies of flyers supplied by the police department, flyers developed by the University, campus wide email, flyers in campus mailboxes, or establishing a web page on Alliant’s intranet.

The purpose of the notification is not to cause undue hardship to a student seeking an education at Alliant International University or to create a hostile work environment. The purpose of this policy is to keep the University community informed for their safety, and to comply with local and federal law.

Any member of the Alliant International University community who wishes to obtain further information regarding sexual offender/predators in the area of our campuses may refer to the State of California Attorney General website at:

- www.meganslaw.ca.gov

Making a Report of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment

Alliant International University community members who have experienced sexual or gender-based misconduct/harassment or are aware of incidents of sexual misconduct experienced by other University members are encouraged to make an immediate report to the University Title IX Coordinator.

A complainant is not required to report to law enforcement to receive assistance from the University. University personnel will help the student or employee contact local police authorities in the event the student or employee has not done so already if the student or employee wishes to do so. If a report is made, University personnel will inform students and employees in writing of procedures that complaints should follow, including:

- A description of the rights and options available to the person making the report including information about the existence of the disciplinary process through the college;
- The option for informal resolution;
- The importance of preservation of any evidence that may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order;
- Options regarding the assistance of local law enforcement, campus/site officials, or other civil processes;
- The option to decline assistance, or decline notifying local law enforcement;
- Options for, and available assistance in making changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations;
- Any interim protective measures that will be taken and their options for protective orders; and

- Resources, both within the University and in the community, including counseling, health, and mental health services, legal, visa and immigration, student financial aid, disability services, housing assistance, academic supports, and victim's advocacy resources, both within the institution and in the community.

The Title IX Coordinator (or designee) is responsible for investigating complaints of Gender Discrimination, Harassment and Retaliation, including Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment, as well as complaints of Sexual Misconduct, Domestic and Dating Violence, and Stalking. The University utilizes trauma informed victim interview protocols for the preliminary victim interview and comprehensive follow-up interviews as appropriate. Inquiries or complaints regarding the application of Title IX and its implementing regulations may also be filed with the Office of Civil Rights (U.S. Department of Education), and/or with law enforcement.

Campus Resources

The following people are available to help you cope if you become the victim of a sexual assault:

- Public Safety (858) 635-4444 (San Diego Campus)
- Student Assistance Program (800) 327-0556 (Offers confidential 24-hour counseling and referral services for legal and other supports services)
- Campus Directors

Gabe Prendez - Director of Campus Services, Fresno

5130 E. Clinton Way
Fresno, CA 93727
gabriel.prendez@alliant.edu , 559-253-3208

Candy Wong - Site Administrator, Alliant Hong Kong - TSTE

UG202, UG301, ChinaChem Golden Plaza,77 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon
School of Continuing and Professional Education (SCOPE)
City University of Hong Kong
candysf.wong@cityu.edu.hk, Tel: 3442 5437

Nicole Camaras - Director of Campus Services, Irvine

2855 Michelle Drive, Suite 300
Irvine, CA 92606
nicole.camaras@alliant.edu 949-812-7464

Stephanie Byers-Bell - Director of Campus Services, Los Angeles

1000 South Fremont Avenue, Unit 5
Alhambra, CA 91803
sbyers-bell@alliant.edu , 626-270-3304

Kimberly Gardner - Director of Campus Services, Sacramento

2030 West El Camino Avenue, Suite 200
Sacramento, CA 95833
kgardner@alliant.edu 916-561-3204

Jose Hernandez - Director of Campus Services, San Diego

10455 Pomerado Road,
San Diego, CA 92131
jose.hernandez@alliant.edu , 858-635-4024

Julie Cosenza - Director of Campus Services, San Francisco Bay Campus

1476 66th Street, Suite 104
Emeryville, CA 94608
julie.cosenza@alliant.edu , 415-955-2163

Nahoko Nishizawa - Program Director, Tokyo

6-14-3 Soto Kanda, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo, Japan 101-0021
nnishizawa@alliant.edu

Off-Campus Resources

Persons impacted by sexual or gender-based misconduct/harassment may feel anxious, frightened, depressed or angry and may be fearful, restless, or irritated. They may be experiencing difficulties in relationships with family members and friends and in dating. Talking with a counselor who understands rape and can discuss concerns and options may be helpful to them. The organizations listed below offer counseling services and referral to legal and other supports:

- National Domestic Violence Information & Referral Hotline (800) 799-7233 (Offers a confidential 24-hour crisis hotline, and shelter for battered women)
- Center for Community Solutions and Services (24-hour) - (888) 385-4657
- Rape, Abuse, Incest National Network (RAINN) – (800) 656-4673 (HOPE)
- National Center for Victims of Crime Victim Service Helpline - 1-800-FYI-CALL
- Counseling services may be available from other sources such as the following:
- Local health department
- Rape crisis center
- Family doctor
- Hospital clinic
- Hotline
- Mental health professionals
- Clergy

Confidentiality of Reports of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment

Confidentiality is limited to counselors and psychologists in the employee assistance program (EAP) and student assistance program (SAP). Because content of discussions with confidential resources is not reported to an office of record, such discussions do not serve as notice to the University to address the alleged discrimination or sexual misconduct.

Individuals reporting incidents of Sexual, or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment may ask that the individual(s) name(s) not be disclosed or that no investigation or disciplinary action be pursued to address the alleged Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment. The University supports a student's interest in confidentiality in cases involving Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment.

The Title IX Coordinator (or their designee) attempts to balance the needs of the parties for privacy with the institutional responsibility of ensuring a safe educational environment and workplace. Confidentiality is an aspiration but is not always possible or appropriate. An individual's requests regarding the confidentiality of reports of discrimination or sexual misconduct will be considered in determining an appropriate response; however, such requests will be considered in the dual contexts of the University's legal obligation to ensure a working and learning environment that is free from discrimination or sexual misconduct and the due process rights of the accused to be informed of the allegations and their source. Some level of disclosure may be necessary to ensure a complete and fair investigation.

The University will inform an individual requesting confidentiality when complying with a confidentiality request may limit the University's ability to respond to the complaint. The University will consider a complainant's request for confidentiality alongside its institutional responsibility to provide a reasonably safe and non-discriminatory environment.

The University will maintain as confidential any accommodation or protective measure provided to the complainant, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the University to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

When situations arise in which the University must override a complainant's request for confidentiality to meet its Title IX obligations, the following factors will be considered in making this determination:

1. Have there been other complaints of sexual harassment/misconduct against the alleged perpetrator?
2. Does the alleged perpetrator have a history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of harassment/misconduct?
3. Has the alleged perpetrator threatened further sexual harassment/misconduct against the complainant, or others?
4. Was the harassment/misconduct perpetrated by multiple individuals?
5. Does the report of harassment/misconduct reveal a pattern of perpetration at a given location or by a particular group?
6. Was a weapon involved?
7. Are there other means of obtaining relevant information?

to disclosing their name after being informed of their right to have their personally identifying information withheld. The name of the alleged assailant may be disclosed, however, if all of the following conditions are These instances will be limited, and the information will only be shared with individuals who are responsible for handling the University's response to incidents of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment. Even if an individual does not specifically ask for confidentiality, to the extent possible, the University will only disclose information regarding alleged incidents of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment to individuals who are responsible for handling the University's response. The University will notify the complainants of the information that will be disclosed, to whom it will be disclosed, and why. Regardless of whether the complainant requests confidentiality, the University will take steps to protect the complainant, as necessary. The University Title IX Coordinator is responsible for ensuring that all records relating to reports and investigations of this nature are maintained properly and securely. Employee records will be maintained properly and securely by Human Resources.

The University does not publish the name of victims/survivors or other identifiable information regarding victims/survivors in the Daily Crime Log or in the crime statistics that are disclosed in the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report. Furthermore, if a Timely Warning is issued on the basis of a report of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking, the name of the victim/survivor and other personally identifiable information about the complainant will be withheld.

Pursuant to California Education Code section 67380(a)(6)(A), Campus Security Authorities who receive reports from employees or students of a violent crime, sexual assault or hate crime (as defined by Section 422.55 of the Penal Code, Part I) that occurred in an on or non-campus location as defined by the Clery Act, may not disclose to local law enforcement agencies the names of the victims or the alleged assailant, unless the victim consents met:

1. The alleged assailant represents a serious or ongoing threat to the safety of students, employees, or the institution; and
2. The immediate assistance of the local law enforcement agency is necessary to contact or detain the alleged assailant.

University as Complainant

As necessary and when appropriate under the circumstances Alliant International University reserves the right to initiate a complaint, to serve as complainant, and to initiate conduct proceedings without a formal complaint by the victim of Sexual Misconduct/Harassment.
In the following circumstances, the University may elect to act as complainant, in the interest of the health and safety of the community, if the person making the report does not elect to do so:

- There have been other complaints of sexual harassment/misconduct against the alleged perpetrator.
- The alleged perpetrator has a history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of harassment/misconduct.
- The alleged perpetrator threatened further sexual harassment/misconduct against the complainant, or others.
- The harassment/misconduct was perpetrated by multiple individuals.

- The report of harassment/misconduct reveals a pattern of perpetration at a given location or by a particular group.
- A weapon was involved.

Retaliation

This policy also prohibits retaliation against a person who reports in good faith, Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment, assists someone with a report of Sexual Misconduct/Harassment, or participates in any manner in an investigation or resolution of a Sexual Misconduct/Harassment report. Retaliation includes threats, intimidation, reprisals, and/or adverse actions related to employment or education.
The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation. Student complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the University's Problem Solving and Dispute Resolution Procedures. Employee complaints alleging retaliation may be filed with Human Resources.

Amnesty

Alliant International University encourages the reporting of crimes by victims and/or witnesses. Sometimes, victims and/or witnesses are hesitant to report to University officials because they fear that by reporting an incident, he/she may be accused of policy violations, such as underage drinking at the time of the incident. It is in the best interests of this community that as many victims and/or witnesses as possible choose to report to University officials.
For example, if a student reported a rape in which he or she was involved as an accused individual, he or she would not be immune from policy violations.
To encourage reporting, an individual who participates as a complainant or witness in an investigation of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be subject to disciplinary sanctions for a violation of the institution's student conduct policy at or near the time of the incident, unless the institution determines that the violation was egregious, including, but not limited to, an action that places the health or safety of any other person at risk or involves plagiarism, cheating, or academic dishonesty.

Orders of Protection/No Contact

Alliant International University encourages reporting parties of sexual misconduct to make a formal report to the appropriate local law enforcement authorities for the purpose of filing a criminal complaint and/or seeking and enforcing a no contact, restraining or similar Court Order and has the right to be assisted by the University in exercising this option. The Title IX Coordinator can assist individuals with referrals to resources for obtaining an ex parte order of protection.

Members of the Alliant International University community who receive a lawful order of protection should provide a copy to the Campus Director (and to Human Resources if the person is an employee). The University also suggests that individuals with orders of protection meet with the Campus Director (and Human Resources if the person is an Alliant employee) to develop a Safety Action Plan – a plan intended to reduce the risk of harm while on campus or coming and going from campus. This plan may include, but in not limited to, escorts and special parking arrangements.

In addition to orders of protection issued by the courts, Alliant International University may impose a university-based no contact directive. A University-based no contact directive prohibits an individual from contacting a specific person or specific people until rescinded. Contact includes, but is not limited to in person, by phone, text messaging, social media, by third person, etc. The Vice President of Student Affairs (or designee), or the Campus Director may issue a no contact directive.

How and where to File a Formal Complaint of Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment with a responsible Employee

Title IX regulations require that Title IX complaints be made to a responsible employee ("Responsible Employee"). A Responsible Employee is an employee who has the authority to redress or a duty to report incidents of Sexual Misconduct. When an individual tells a Responsible Employee about an incident of Sexual Misconduct, the individual has the right to expect the University to take immediate and appropriate steps to investigate what happened and to resolve the matter promptly and equitably. At Alliant International

University, Responsible Employees are the Title IX Coordinator and the Title IX Deputy for this Policy. If complaints are made to anyone else, the complainant risks the possibility that it will not come to the attention of the appropriate University official, and therefore not be acted upon.
A Complaint can be filed with either of the following Title IX Officials and doing so will provide official notice to the University of a Title IX Complaint through the completion of a Title IX Complaint form that is submitted to the Title IX Coordinator or Title IX Deputy. Only a "formal" complaint triggers the Title IX-specific grievance process.

At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of Alliant International University. A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator in this policy. Additional documents (e.g., police report, e-mails) may be submitted with the Complaint but it is not required.
The University does not limit the time frame in which a Formal Complaint may be submitted. However, the University encourages timely reporting to support the University's ability to respond, investigate, remediate the complaint, and impose any appropriate disciplinary action(s). Any delays in reporting may impede the University's ability to conduct an investigation or take appropriate actions.
The University's Title IX Officials include the University Title IX Coordinator and the University Title IX Deputy.

University Title IX Coordinator - Amber Eckert

Vice President for Student Affairs
10455 Pomerado Road
San Diego, CA 92131
amber.eckert@alliant.edu 858-635-4535

University Title IX Deputy – Melissa Rothmeyer

Director of Human Resources
10455 Pomerado Road
San Diego, CA 92131
melissa.rothmeyer@alliant.edu, 858-635-4783

Responding to the Formal Complaint

Upon receiving notice of a formal complaint of a possible violation of the Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment policy, the University will take immediate and appropriate steps to:

- End the behavior and identify specific corrective measures to remediate and prevent sex discrimination including sexual harassment and other sexual misconduct.
- Conduct a prompt, fair and impartial investigation.
- Remedy the effects, and
- Prevent it from reoccurring.

Upon receipt of a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator (or a designee) will conduct an initial Title IX assessment. The University utilizes trauma informed victim interview protocols for the preliminary victim interview and comprehensive follow-up interviews as appropriate. The first step of the assessment will usually be a preliminary meeting with the complainant. The purpose of the preliminary meeting is to gain a basic understanding of the nature and circumstances of the report; it is not intended to be a full interview. At this meeting, the complainant will be provided with information about resources, procedural options and interim measures.
If it is determined that the alleged conduct is not within the scope of the Title IX policy, the investigation and disposition of the complaint may be referred to other offices or processes within the University, such as University Human Resources, Provost's Office, or Student Code of Conduct.
The University may, in their discretion, dismiss a formal complaint or allegations therein in the following

circumstances:

- if the complainant informs the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant desires to withdraw the formal complaint or allegations therein,
- if the respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the school,
- or if specific circumstances prevent the school from gathering sufficient evidence to reach a determination.

The University will give the parties written notice of a dismissal (mandatory or discretionary) and the reasons for the dismissal.

The University may also in their discretion, consolidate formal complaints where the allegations arise out of the same facts.

To ensure University- wide compliance with this policy and with federal and state law, the University Title IX Coordinator must be advised of all reported incidents of sex/gender-based discrimination or sexual misconduct. The University Title IX Coordinator will monitor the resolution of complaints by other offices with concurrent jurisdiction over non-Title IX discrimination or sexual misconduct.

In response to reports of discrimination or sexual misconduct in cases where the complainant does not wish to engage in informal resolution, where informal resolution is not appropriate, or in cases where attempts at informal resolution are unsuccessful, the University Title IX Coordinator may conduct a formal investigation. In such cases, the individual making the report shall be encouraged to file a written complaint. As necessary, the University reserves the right to initiate a complaint, to serve as complainant, and to initiate conduct proceedings without a formal complaint by the victim.

In cases where there is no written complaint, such as situations that involve a third-party complainant, the University Title IX Coordinator may initiate an investigation after making a preliminary inquiry into the facts and will inform the person(s) who were allegedly harmed by discrimination or sexual misconduct of the decision to initiate an investigation.

Supportive Measures

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. At the time of notice of a possible violation of the Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment policy, the Title IX Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant or respondent (as appropriate) to discuss the availability of supportive measures and consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measure with or without the filing of a formal complaint.

Supportive measures are designed to restore or preserve safe and equitable access to the University's educational programs or activities and protect the safety of all community members. These supportive measures shall be maintained as confidential to the complainant or respondent to the extent that confidentiality would not impair the ability of the University to provide the supportive measures.

Examples of possible supportive measures include:

- Counseling services
- Modifications to academic deadlines or other course-related adjustments needed to address academic difficulties.
- Modifications of work or class schedules
- Campus escort services
- Mutual no-contact orders between the parties
- Changes in work locations
- Approved Academic Absence (students)
- Leave of Absence (employees)
- Increased security and monitoring of specific areas of campus

Notice of Complaint

Upon receipt of a formal complaint Alliant will promptly send written notice to both the complainant and the respondent(s) of the allegations. The individual(s) accused of conduct (the respondent) violating the University policy prohibiting Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment shall be provided a copy of the written complaint or otherwise informed of the substance of the allegations. If the individual(s) accused cannot be located, attempts at notification shall be documented. At the time of notice of the complaint, the respondent shall be provided with information regarding supportive measures available to them.

The written notice of complaint shall contain a discussion of the formal complaint process, the identity of the complainant, and the date and location of the alleged incident if known, and the specific behavior that is considered a violation of the University's Sexual and Gender Based Harassment and Misconduct policy.

The written notice must inform the parties that they may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and that both parties may inspect, and review evidence gathered in the investigation. The written notice must inform the parties of Alliant Student Code of Conduct and Ethics: Non Academic provisions that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process. Employees must be informed that the Alliant Employee Code of Conduct outlines binding minimum standards for responsible behavior toward students, vendors and contractors and the public, as well as for employee behavior within the University.

The notice of complaint will include a statement that a determination of responsibility is made at the conclusion of the University's investigation and hearing process and will be based on a preponderance of evidence standard.

Informal Resolution of a Complaint

In recognition that a wide spectrum of behaviors can constitute violations of University policies, the Title IX Office may resolve reports informally and appropriately, based on the circumstances. In all cases, the Title IX Program Officer will have discretion to determine whether or not informal resolution or mediation is appropriate to the circumstances.

Informal resolution is not appropriate for cases involving a complaint of sexual assault and/or relationship and interpersonal violence, nor for circumstances involving severe misconduct behavior. These types of cases will utilize the formal disciplinary process.

At any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the Title IX Coordinator may facilitate an informal resolution process, such as mediation or arbitration, that does not involve a full investigation and adjudication. The following standards apply to any informal resolution:

- Both parties must voluntarily consent to resolve the complaint without engaging in the formal grievance procedure
- No conditions may be placed on the parties in exchange for their consent – The University may not require as a condition of enrollment or continuing enrollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoyment of any other right, waiver of the right to an investigation and adjudication of formal complaints of sexual harassment consistent with this section.
- Both parties will be notified, in writing, of the allegations made in the formal complaint, the requirements of the informal resolution process, and what elements of the process will remain confidential (or not).
- Complainant will not be required to "work out" the problem directly with the respondent.
- An informal resolution process may take the form of a mediation or arbitration before a neutral third party.
- Either party can withdraw consent and end the informal process at any time, in which case the University will revert to the formal grievance procedures outlined herein.
- The informal resolution process will be confidential; however, if an informal resolution process is ended by request, any information obtained may be used in a subsequent formal resolution process and hearing.
- Once a Complaint has been resolved through an informal resolution process, the matter will be closed and

documented in writing and signed by all parties. Complaints resolved through the informal process will not be referred for official disciplinary action.

- The results of an informal process may be the parties agreeing on counseling, education, or mutual avoidance, among other options.
- An informal resolution cannot be appealed.
- Informal resolution is not appropriate for cases involving a complaint of sexual assault and/or relationship and interpersonal violence, nor for circumstances involving severe misconduct behavior.

Role of the Title IX Coordinator and other Title IX Administrators

The University Title IX Coordinator is the designated individual to conduct or oversee formal investigation of allegations of discrimination or sexual misconduct, and to coordinate University response(s) to complaints of the same. The Title IX Coordinator may designate a Title IX Investigator to conduct investigations.

Title IX personnel (inclusive of the Title IX Coordinator, the Deputy IX Coordinator, and University Administrators who oversee Title IX Hearing Boards) will participate in annual comprehensive, trauma-informed training programs for campus officials involved in investigating and adjudicating sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking cases training specific to their role. The Title IX Coordinator in charge of conducting the investigation shall receive a minimum of annual training on issues related to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking and on how to conduct the investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability in a trauma informed manner. Decision-makers and investigators will receive training so that they understand the concept of relevance, the proper conduct of an investigation and the grievance process generally, including hearings, appeals, the drafting factual reports, as well as the conduct of informal resolution processes. Training will also be provided on how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue and how to avoid both actual and the appearance of conflicts of interest, and bias. Title IX training materials will be available on the Title IX site on the University webpage. Documentation of training completion for Title IX personnel is maintained by the Title IX Coordinator.

Investigating the Complaint

Both parties have the right to have an advisor of their choice present at every step in the investigation and hearing process. The advisor may be a victim advocate or other supporting person. The advisor may be an attorney. During the investigation process, the advisor is only present to support the student (or employee) and will not represent the student (or employee) nor speak on behalf of the student (or employee). Advisors are permitted to speak with the student (or employee) as necessary, privately or during investigation meetings, to fully perform a supportive role. Whoever is selected as an advisor is limited to observing and consulting with, and providing support to the complainant, witness, or accused party during the investigation. The advisor role in the hearing process will be detailed in a further section of the policy.

Interview Protocol for Follow-Up Interviews

The University utilizes trauma informed victim interview protocols for the preliminary victim interview and comprehensive follow-up interviews as appropriate. The investigation generally shall include interviews with the complainant and respondent (parties if available) and, interviews with other witnesses as needed. The University shall seek the identification and location of witnesses not identified by the parties and a review of relevant documents as appropriate. The Investigator will send a written notice of the interview date, time, and location, name of participant(s), and purpose of the interview to the parties and witnesses, and any identified party advisor, in sufficient time for the party to prepare and participate.

During the investigation, the complainant and respondent will be provided an equal opportunity to meet with the investigator, submit evidence, identify witnesses who may have relevant information, and propose questions for the investigator to ask the other party and witnesses. The investigator has discretion to determine which witnesses to interview and what questions to ask, and may decline to ask questions that are, for example, repetitive, harassing or not relevant to whether the reported violation(s) occurred.

Disclosure of facts to witnesses shall be limited to what is reasonably necessary to conduct a fair and thorough investigation.

At all times, the Investigator will maintain a working chronology of investigation process, build a timeline of the incident and the relationship/interactions between parties and witnesses, document interviews and contacts, address privacy and retaliation considerations in interviews, and use verbatim quotes where possible to ensure nothing lost in translation in individual interview summary.

No person shall make an allegation that he or she knows to be untrue or knowingly provide false information during the course of an investigation. Making a false complaint or giving false information is a violation of this policy and may be a basis for discipline, including expulsion or termination. Evidence of false complaints or false information shall be referred by the University Title IX Coordinator to the appropriate University processes.

The Investigator will independently gather other relevant information or evidence, including documents, photographs, communications between the parties, and medical records (subject to the consent of the applicable person), and other electronic records as appropriate. The Investigator will conduct a review of relevant documents as appropriate.

The investigation shall be completed as promptly as possible and in most cases within 60 working days of the date the written complaint was received unless the University determines in its discretion that good cause has been established and more time is required to initiate and complete the investigation. Good cause may include considerations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities. In the event that an investigation cannot be completed within 60 days, the parties shall be notified in writing.

Interim Measures

At any time during the investigation, the investigator may recommend that interim protections or remedies for the complainant or witnesses be provided by appropriate University officials. The University may recommend short term, or interim, protections or remedies. These remedial actions may include, but are not limited to:

- making the complainant aware of their rights
- resources and support services
- issuance of No Contact orders to separate or limit contact between the parties.
- modification of extracurricular, working or course schedules, assignments or tests.
- increased monitoring, supervising, or security at applicable locations or activities
- and/or interim suspension(s) pending investigation.

These remedies or protections may apply in ground or online contexts. Failure to comply with the terms of interim protections may be considered a separate violation of the policy prohibiting sexual misconduct.

Notification of Investigation Findings

Prior to the conclusion of the investigation, the Title IX investigator will provide the parties, and their advisors, all evidence directly related to the allegations, in electronic format or hard copy, and allow up to 10 days for either party to inspect, review and provide a written response to the evidence that has been collected. At the end of the 10-day response period, the Title IX investigator will develop an Investigative report.

The complainant and the respondent shall be simultaneously informed in writing of the completion of the investigation and provided with a copy of the Investigative report. At least 10 days before any hearing, the parties, and their advisors will be provided the investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, in electronic format or hard copy, to which the parties may respond. If the alleged complainant is deceased as a result of such crime or offence, the next of kin of such complainant shall be treated as the alleged complainant for purposes of this notice. The report shall include a statement of the allegations and issues and a summary of the evidence and information that was gathered in the investigation and deemed relevant by the Title IX investigator for purposes of determining if a policy violation has occurred.

The report may be used as evidence in other related procedures, such as subsequent complaints, grievances and/or disciplinary actions.

Live Hearing

After both parties have received the Investigative report, a date will be set for a hearing to allow both parties to respond to the evidence gathered and for a Hearing Panel to determine if a policy violation has occurred. The University will provide written notification to the complainant and respondent of the hearing date and procedures. The Complainant and Respondent will be provided at least 10 business days' notice of the hearing date from the date that the Investigative report was provided to the parties.

The Hearing Panel is a fact-finding committee comprised of individuals trained or experienced in Sexual Misconduct. Depending on the complexity of the issues, a Hearing Panel may have 3-5 panelists. The individuals who serve as panelists will be selected by the Title IX Coordinator, or other designated official.

The Hearing Panel will have for its review, the initial complaint, the respondent's response and any cross-complaints, all witness statements written or recorded, and any evidence preserved for the hearing in the form of the Investigative report. The Hearing Panel will be chaired by a person who is not the Title IX investigator nor the Title IX Coordinator.

The Hearing will occur either in person, or in a synchronous distance technology format enabling participants simultaneously to see and hear each other, at the discretion of the University. At the request of either party, the Title IX Coordinator must provide for the live hearing to occur with the parties located in separate rooms with technology enabling the decision-maker(s) and parties to simultaneously see and hear the party or the witness answering questions. An audio or video recording and transcript of the hearing will be made and will be made available to both parties for inspection and review. The complainant and respondent(s) will be provided the same opportunity to present fact and expert witnesses and other supporting and exculpatory evidence.

Advisor Role in Cross Examination at the Live Hearing

During the hearing, the advisor for each party is permitted to cross-examine the other party and any witnesses. Cross examination must be conducted directly, orally, and in real time by the party's advisor. Parties are not allowed to represent themselves. Neither party is permitted to directly cross-examine the other party and all cross-examination must be conducted by the advisor. Before a party or witness answers a cross-examination question, the Hearing Panel chair will determine if a question is relevant and explain any reasoning for determining to exclude a question.

If a party does not have an advisor present at the live hearing, the University must provide without fee or charge to that party, an advisor of the University's choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, to conduct cross-examination on behalf of that party.

Questions about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual history are not permitted unless such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and are offered to prove consent.

If a party or witness does not submit to cross-examination at the live hearing, the Hearing Panel must not rely on any statement of that party or witness in reaching a determination regarding responsibility; provided, however, that the Hearing Panel cannot draw an inference about the determination regarding responsibility based solely on a party's or witness's absence from the live hearing or refusal to answer cross-examination or other questions.

Determining Responsibility

At the conclusion of the Hearing, the Hearing Panel members will consider all information presented at the Hearing and determine if a policy violation has occurred.

Respondents are presumed not responsible until the school proves otherwise. The burden of gathering evidence and carrying the burden of proof is solely on the institution. The standard of evidence in these cases is preponderance of the evidence. Preponderance of the evidence means that it is "more likely than not" that the respondent is responsible for the charged violation. The institution will use the same evidentiary standard for all sexual harassment proceedings, whether involving students or employees.

For allegations of discrimination or harassing behavior, there are two possible findings:

- Substantiated: It is more likely than not that the allegation is true
- Unsubstantiated: It is not possible to determine whether the allegation is true or untrue. There is insufficient evidence to prove or disprove that the allegation is true.
- The Hearing Panel Chair will develop a written determination of responsibility that includes:
- A description of the specific behavior that is potentially considered a violation of the University's Sexual and Gender Based Harassment and Misconduct policy
- A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held.
- A finding of fact supporting the determination.
- Conclusions regarding the application of the University's Sexual and Gender Based Harassment and Misconduct policy to the facts.
- A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility.
- Any disciplinary sanctions the University imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the recipient's education program or activity will be provided by the recipient to the complainant.
- And the University's procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal.

The Hearing Panel Chair must provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously. The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that the recipient provides the parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an appeal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.

Sanctions

Not all forms of sex/gender-based misconduct will be deemed to be equally serious offenses, and the University will assign sanctions that are appropriate to the violation, taking into consideration the context and seriousness of the violation. Any student found responsible for violating this will receive a sanction in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and/or offender history.

The following disciplinary sanctions comprise a range of official action for students, which may be imposed for violation of regulations. One or more sanctions may be imposed. Additionally, students who violate federal, state, or local laws also may be referred to the criminal justice system for prosecution.

Disciplinary Warning

This written action is taken when the individual's conduct or involvement merits an official admonition. The student is warned that further misconduct may result in more severe disciplinary action.

Disciplinary Probation

Probation A form of reprimand that is fitting for the type of violation or repeated violations as designated for a certain period of time by the hearing officer. The student may, if it is deemed appropriate, represent the University in activities and hold office in student organizations during the time stipulated as probationary. The student is notified that further infractions of any University regulation may result in more stringent restriction being placed on his/her actions.

Interim Suspension

The Vice President of Student Affairs may suspend a student for an interim period pending full disciplinary proceedings whenever there is evidence that the continued presence of the student on the campus poses a substantial threat to the safety or well-being of any person or persons, University property, or the property of others. An interim suspension may become effective immediately without prior notice. A student suspended on an interim basis will be given an opportunity to appear personally before a hearing officer within 10 or fewer calendar days from the effective date of the interim suspension.

During an interim suspension, the student will be barred from all or part of the University's premises. Any student under interim suspension who returns to the portion of campus from which he/she is barred without written permission from the Vice President of Student Affairs Policy Assurance will be subject to dismissal from the University and arrest for trespassing.

Suspension

This sanction is one of involuntary separation of the student from the University for a designated period of time. After this period of time, the student is eligible to return. The Vice President of Student Affairs/or designee may establish additional requirements, which must be fulfilled to his/her satisfaction, prior to reinstatement. Permanent notation of suspension will appear on the student's transcript and academic history. The student shall not participate in any University-sponsored activity and may be barred from University premises during suspension.

Conduct Dismissal

This sanction by the Vice President of Student Affairs/or designee is one of involuntary and permanent separation from the University. Notice of permanent dismissal will appear on the student's academic history and transcript. The student will also be barred from University activities and premises.

Good Standing

A student is not considered to be in good standing for purposes of admission to the University while under a sanction of suspension or expulsion, or while his or her admission or re-admission has been qualified.

Administrative Hold and Withholding a Degree

The University may place an administrative hold on registration transactions and release of records and transcripts of a student who has been sent written notice of a pending investigation or disciplinary case concerning that student and may withhold awarding a degree otherwise earned until the completion of the process set forth herein, including the completion of all sanctions imposed.

Any employee found responsible for violating this or other University policies will receive a sanction in accordance with University policies and procedures.

The discipline may include, but is not limited to:

1. Unpaid leave from work during the investigation,
2. Unpaid suspension from work after a violation has been found,
3. A Performance Improvement Plan, or
4. Termination of employment

Any third party (visitor, guest, contractor, subcontractor, vendor, partner, or business affiliate) found responsible for violating this Policy will receive a sanction ranging from a written warning to being banned from any University property, activities, and/or programs.

Other Discrimination Incidents

It is University policy that all persons should enjoy freedom from unlawful discrimination of any kind, including harassment or retaliation for reporting a complaint (see Non-Discrimination policy). This policy prohibits discrimination between members of the University community, including between students and between

employees and students.

All other incidents, including non-harassment, misconduct, or any other consideration made unlawful by federal, state, or local laws, should contact the compliance officers listed in the Non-Discrimination policy who are available to help students resolve issues. The University encourages discussion between the parties directly involved in any complaint, especially in the early stages of a dispute before the respective parties have assumed positions which may polarize the dispute and render a solution more difficult. In any event, students have the right to file a formal written grievance, either initially or if informal resolution is not possible.

Findings Appeal

If the complainant and/or the respondent(s) disagree with the findings, in part or in totality, either the complainant or the respondent may appeal the finding in part or in totality on the following bases:

- Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter
- New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter.
- The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or Hearing Panel (s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.

The respondent and/or complainant have five (5) business days, barring documented unforeseen circumstances from the date of communication of findings, to present the formal appeal, in writing, to the University Provost, Dr. Tracy Heller.

Dr. Tracy Heller

10455 Pomerado Road
San Diego, CA 92131
theller@alliant.edu

The written appeal must state the basis for appeal and provide sufficient information that supports the grounds for appeal.

The Provost will review all cases presented for appeal within five (5) business days of the appeal, barring documented unforeseen circumstances, to determine if the presented grounds for appeal and supporting information will be accepted or rejected. If the appeal does not meet the stated grounds for appeal, the appeal will be rejected. The Provost, within two (2) business days of the determination, barring documented unforeseen circumstances, simultaneously and in writing, inform the complainant and the respondent the appeal decision.

If the Provost determines there is sufficient evidence to support an appeal based on procedural irregularity or new evidence, the matter will return to the Title IX Coordinator for further action unless the appeal alleges the Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or Hearing Panel (s) had a conflict of interest or bias which deprived the process of impartiality in a way that was outcome determinative.

In appeals of conflict of interest or bias, the appeal will remain with the Provost or their designee for review and final decision. The bias appeal review will be completed within fourteen (14) calendar days of submission to the Provost barring documented unforeseen circumstances that may extend the appeal review.

The Provost will communicate the appeal findings simultaneously and in writing to the complainant and the respondent. Additionally, the Provost will consult with the Title IX Coordinator for any impact to remedies implemented.

Additional Information for Sexual or Gender Misconduct/Harassment Investigations

Attempted Violations: In most circumstances, Alliant International University will treat attempts to commit Sexual or Gender Based Misconduct/Harassment as if those attempts had been completed.

Group Actions: When members of groups, individuals acting collusively, or members of an organization act in concert in violation of any policy, they may be held accountable as a group or individually and may proceed

against the group of jointly accused individuals or individually, at the discretion of the University.

Resources

Summary of Major Provisions of the Department of Education's Title IX Final Rule
Title IX Regulations Addressing Sexual Harassment May 6, 2020
US Department of Education Title IX Final Rule Overview

Campus Crime Statistics

The tables represent a summary of campus crimes reported to the designated Campus Security Official or law enforcement officials during the past three years. Under federal regulations the University must annually distribute the statistics on the reported on-campus occurrences of murder, manslaughter, rape, incest, fondling, statutory rape, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, arson, and motor vehicle theft, as well as data on the number of arrests for liquor law violations, drug abuse violations and weapons possession. These reports are generated for police purposes, not public relations purposes, and therefore the categories and definitions used are those used by law enforcement agencies as stipulated in the Uniform Crime Report (UCR). There were no criminal offenses at any of Alliant International University's campuses that manifested evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, or ethnicity.

Definitions

The definitions for Criminal Offense, Hate Crime, arrest and disciplinary referral statistics are provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI's) Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. The definitions for Murder, Rape, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson, Weapons Carrying, Possessing, Etc. Law Violations, Drug Abuse Violations, and Liquor Law Violations are from the Summary Reporting System (SRS) User Manual from the FBI's UCR Program. The definitions of Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape are from the FBI's National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) Data Collection Guidelines edition of the UCR. Hate Crimes are classified per the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting Hate Crime Data Collection Guidelines and Training Manual.

For the categories of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking, we are required to use the definitions provided by the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 and repeated in the Department's Clery Act regulations.

Criminal Offenses —Criminal Homicide, including Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter, and Manslaughter by Negligence; Sexual Assault including Rape, Fondling, Incest and Statutory Rape; Robbery; Aggravated Assault; Burglary; Motor Vehicle Theft; and Arson.

Hate Crimes —Any of the above-mentioned offenses, and any incidents of Larceny-Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, or Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property that were motivated by bias;

VAWA Offenses —Any incidents of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking. (Note that Sexual Assault is also a VAWA Offense but is included in the Criminal Offenses category for Clery Act reporting purposes); and

Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action for Weapons—Carrying, Possessing, Etc. Law Violations, Drug Abuse Violations and Liquor Law Violations.

Aggravated Assault – An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Simple assaults are excluded.

Arson – Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Burglary – The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Campus

- Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and
- Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph 1 of this definition; that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students; and supports institutional purposes (such as food or retail vendor).

Campus Security Authority

- A campus police department or a campus security department of an institution.
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security department, such as an individual who is responsible for monitoring entrance into institutional property.
- Any individual or organization specified in an institution's statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
- An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline, and campus judicial proceedings.

Dating Violence - violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Domestic Violence - a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by: a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property - to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Drug Abuse Violations - the violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.

Hate Crimes - a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim.

a. Race. A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics, e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc., genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind, e.g., Asians, blacks or African Americans, whites.

b. Religion. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists.

c. Sexual Orientation. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation. Sexual Orientation is the term for a person's physical, romantic, and/or emotional attraction to members of the same and/or opposite sex, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, and heterosexual (straight) individuals.

d. Gender. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender, e.g., male or female.

e. Gender Identity. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals. Gender non-conforming describes a person who does not conform to the gender-based expectations of society, e.g., a woman dressed in traditionally male clothing or a man wearing makeup. A gender non-conforming person may or may not be a lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender person but may be perceived as such.

f. Ethnicity. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry. The concept of ethnicity differs from the closely related term "race" in that "race" refers to a grouping based mostly upon biological criteria, while "ethnicity" also encompasses additional cultural factors.

g. National Origin. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth. This bias may be against people that have a name or accent associated with a national origin group, participate in certain customs associated with a national origin group, or because they are married to or associate with people of a certain national origin.

h. Disability. A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

Incapacitation - the physical and/or mental inability to make informed, rational judgments. States of incapacitation include but are not limited to unconsciousness, sleep, and blackouts. Where alcohol or drugs are involved, incapacitation is defined with respect to how the alcohol or other drugs consumed affects a person's decision-making capacity, awareness of consequences, and ability to make fully informed judgments. Being intoxicated by drugs or alcohol does not diminish one's responsibility to obtain consent. The factors to be considered when determining whether consent was given include whether the respondent knew, or whether a reasonable person should have known, that the complainant was incapacitated.

Intimidation - to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Larceny-Theft - the unlawful taking, carrying, leading or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. (Larceny and theft mean the same thing in the UCR.) Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.

Liquor Law Violations - the violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

Manslaughter by Negligence – the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter - The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.

Motor Vehicle Theft – the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Robbery - the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses) - Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

a. Rape - the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females. Count one offense per victim.
b. Fondling - the touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity. Count one offense per victim. Fondling is recognized as an element of the other sex offenses. Therefore, count Fondling only if it is the only sex offense.
c. Incest - sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law. Count one offense per victim.
d. Statutory Rape - sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent. Count one offense per victim.

Sexual Exploitation - when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for his or her own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of the other Sexual Misconduct/Harassment offenses.

Sexual Misconduct - includes but is not limited to sexual harassment and sexual violence, including forcible and non-forcible sex offenses, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.

Sexual Harassment - unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or other unwanted conduct of a sexual nature. Sexual harassment is conduct that unreasonably interferes with a person's employment or education, interferes with a person's work or educational performance, or creates an environment such that a reasonable person would find the conduct intimidating, hostile, or offensive. Sexual harassment includes sexual violence.

Sexual Violence - physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person's will or where a person is incapable of giving consent. Several different acts fall into the category of sexual violence, including, rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual abuse, and sexual coercion, domestic violence, dating violence, and/or stalking. Sexual violence can be carried out by university employees, other students, or third parties. All such acts of sexual violence are forms of sex discrimination prohibited by Title IX.

Simple Assault - an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Stalking - engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.

2017-2019 Alliant International University Crime Statistics

Alliant International University maintains a program to eliminate violence or threats of violence from its working/learning environment, including the periodic provision of supervisory, staff, faculty, and student workplace violence awareness and prevention training. Administrators will support and assist staff, faculty, and students in the legitimate pursuit of investigating and remediating problems of workplace violence or threats of violence, whenever it occurs. Employees or students who experience such abuses should report all violence and threats of violence to their supervisor, the Campus Director, and/or Human Resources.

Employees have a duty to warn their supervisors, the Campus Director, and/or Human Resources Office of any suspicious workplace activity or situations or incidents that they observe or that they are aware of that involve other employees or students, former employees or students, or visitors that appear problematic. This includes any threats or acts of violence, aggressive behavior, offensive acts, threatening or offensive comments or remarks, etc. Employee and student reports made pursuant to this policy will be held in the strictest confidence to the maximum extent possible. Alliant International University will not tolerate any form of retaliation against any employee or student for making a report under this policy.

Note: Use of N/A for non-campus property statistics for specific campus reports indicates that Alliant did not have any non-campus property in their campus geography for that campus

Fresno Campus

Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA

Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019**
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	1	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hate Crimes- Non campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019**	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	NA
Dating Violence	NA	NA	NA
Stalking	NA	NA	NA

VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019**
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Arrests – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019**
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Action – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

***Statistics are not available for 2019. The University made a good-faith effort to obtain statistics from local and/or state law enforcement agencies, but the agencies did not comply with our request.*

Irvine Campus

Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	1	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA

Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hate Crimes- Non campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

VAWA Offenses - Noncampus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	NA
Dating Violence	NA	NA	NA
Stalking	NA	NA	NA

VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Arrests - Noncampus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Disciplinary Action - Noncampus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Campus

Los Angeles/Alhambra Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	1	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	N/A	N/A	N/A
Negligent manslaughter	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rape	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fondling	N/A	N/A	N/A
Incest	N/A	N/A	N/A
Statutory Rape	N/A	N/A	N/A
Robbery	N/A	N/A	N/A
Aggravated Assault	N/A	N/A	N/A
Burglary	N/A	N/A	N/A
Motor Vehicle Theft	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arson	N/A	N/A	N/A

Los Angeles Alhambra Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes- Noncampus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes- Noncampus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Los Angele/Alhambra VAWA Offenses – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	NA
Dating Violence	NA	NA	NA
Stalking	NA	NA	NA

Los Angeles/Alhambra VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Arrests – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Los Angeles/Alhambra Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Disciplinary Action – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Los Angeles/Alhambra Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Los Angeles/Alhambra Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

Sacramento Campus

Sacramento Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Sacramento Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Sacramento Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacramento Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacramento Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacramento Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento Hate Crimes- Non campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacramento Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacramento Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Sacramento VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Sacramento VAWA Offenses – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	NA
Dating Violence	NA	NA	NA
Stalking	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Sacramento Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Sacramento Arrests – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	2	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Sacramento Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Sacramento Disciplinary Action – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Sacramento Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Sacramento Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

San Diego Campus

San Diego Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	1	0	0
Burglary	1	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

San Diego Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
San Diego Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

San Diego Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes- Non campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Diego VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

San Diego VAWA Offenses – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

San Diego VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

San Diego Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Diego Arrests – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Diego Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Diego Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Diego Disciplinary Action – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Diego Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Diego Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	1

San Francisco Campus

San Francisco Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

San Francisco Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	NA	NA
Negligent manslaughter	0	NA	NA
Rape	0	NA	NA
Fondling	0	NA	NA
Incest	0	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	0	NA	NA
Robbery	0	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	0	NA	NA
Burglary	0	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	NA	NA
Arson	0	NA	NA

San Francisco Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018*	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	2
Aggravated Assault	0	0	1
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	1
Arson	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes- Noncampus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

San Francisco Hate Crimes-Noncampus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

San Francisco Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018*	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

San Francisco VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

San Francisco VAWA Offenses – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	NA	NA
Dating Violence	0	NA	NA
Stalking	0	NA	NA

San Francisco VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018*	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

San Francisco Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Francisco Arrests – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	N/A	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	N/A	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	N/A	NA	NA

San Francisco Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018*	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Francisco Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Francisco Disciplinary Action – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

San Francisco Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018*	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

San Francisco Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

**Good faith effort was made to obtain accurate statistics from the San Francisco PD, but the University cannot determine if the statistics we obtained from local and/or state law enforcement agencies are for our Clery geography*

Hong Kong TSTE Campus

Hong Kong TSTE Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes- Non campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Hate Crimes-Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE VAWA Offenses - Noncampus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	NA
Dating Violence	NA	NA	NA
Stalking	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Arrests - Noncampus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Disciplinary Action - Noncampus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Hong Kong TSTE Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Hong Kong TSTE Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0

Tokyo Campus

Tokyo Criminal Offense - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Tokyo Criminal Offense – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Negligent manslaughter	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo Criminal Offense - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Murder/Non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0

Tokyo Hate Crimes-On Campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tokyo Hate Crimes-On Campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tokyo Hate Crimes-On Campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tokyo Hate Crimes- Non campus 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo Hate Crimes- Non campus 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo Hate Crimes-Non campus 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fondling	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Incest	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Statutory Rape	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Robbery	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Burglary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arson	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Simple Assault	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Larceny-theft	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Intimidation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo Hate Crimes- Public Property 2017	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tokyo Hate Crimes- Public Property 2018	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tokyo Hate Crimes- Public Property 2019	Total	Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Gender Identity	Disability	Ethnicity	National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny-theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tokyo VAWA Offenses - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Tokyo VAWA Offenses – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	NA
Dating Violence	NA	NA	NA
Stalking	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo VAWA Offenses - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0

Tokyo Arrests - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Tokyo Arrests – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo Arrests - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Tokyo Disciplinary Action - On Campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Tokyo Disciplinary Action – Non campus	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	NA	NA	NA
Drug Abuse violations	NA	NA	NA
Liquor Law violations	NA	NA	NA

Tokyo Disciplinary Action - Public Property	2017	2018	2019
Weapons: Carrying, possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law violations	0	0	0

Tokyo Unfounded Crimes	2017	2018	2019
Total unfounded crimes	0	0	0